C40-CCAC Waste Finance Programme Webinar in collaboration with









WASTE MANAGEMENT PPP

PERSPECTIVES FROM EMERGING MARKETS

Christopher Olobo – 5th June 2019







THE FRAMEWORK FOR PARTNERSHIPS

The provision of waste management is essential to maintaining a decent livelihood in all cities around the world.

Achieving success requires both public and private cooperation



Photo Credit: The World Bank

The Global Waste Perspective

RAPID POPULATION GROWTH & URBANIZATION IS INCREASING WASTE GENERATION GLOBALLY

By 2050, up to 3.4billion tonnes will be generated annually equating to 0.74kg/person/day



Incentives provided for renewable energy

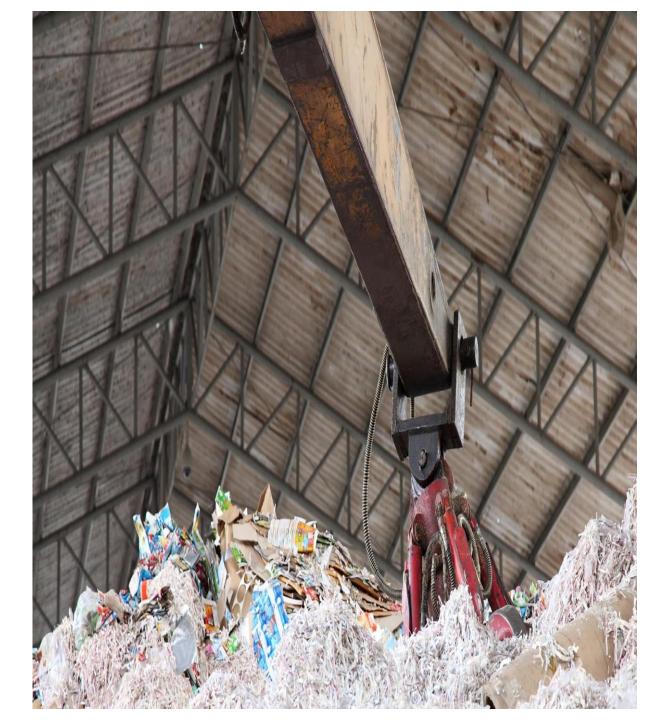
Funding inadequate

C4C

CITIES



- currently
- About 800 energy from waste plants in operation



The Waste Management Chain





Factors impacting waste management

With a focus on emerging markets



- No adherence to user pays principles
- Poor road networks
- Old vehicle fleets
- Fragmented collection systems

- Informal waste pickers
- Slope stability
- Access control

- Waste characteristics
- Environmental protection

A WEAK REVENUE BASE IS A GREAT HINDERANCE

• Often cities in developing countries don't have sufficient revenue sources to justify efficient handling of waste streams.



Is the private sector the answer to solving the waste management problem in developing countries?





What is the PPP?







"A partnership between the public and private sector to deliver a public service with full or partial **transfer of risks** to the private sector"











Risks along the value chain from the private sector point of view....the questions

Collection & Transport

- Who will pay my costs? How do I enforce?
- Can I collect any valuable waste streams to supplement income?
- Can my vehicles reach every part of the city that I need to collect from? Is it safe?
- Is there a risk that my vehicles will breakdown?
- Do I compete for the market and within the market?

Waste Disposal

- Is there sufficient land?
- Do I have a legacy risk managing an existing disposal site?
- Who manages a transfer station?
- What is the policy on informal pickers?
- Is theree a risk of slope failure
- Can I control theft from the site?

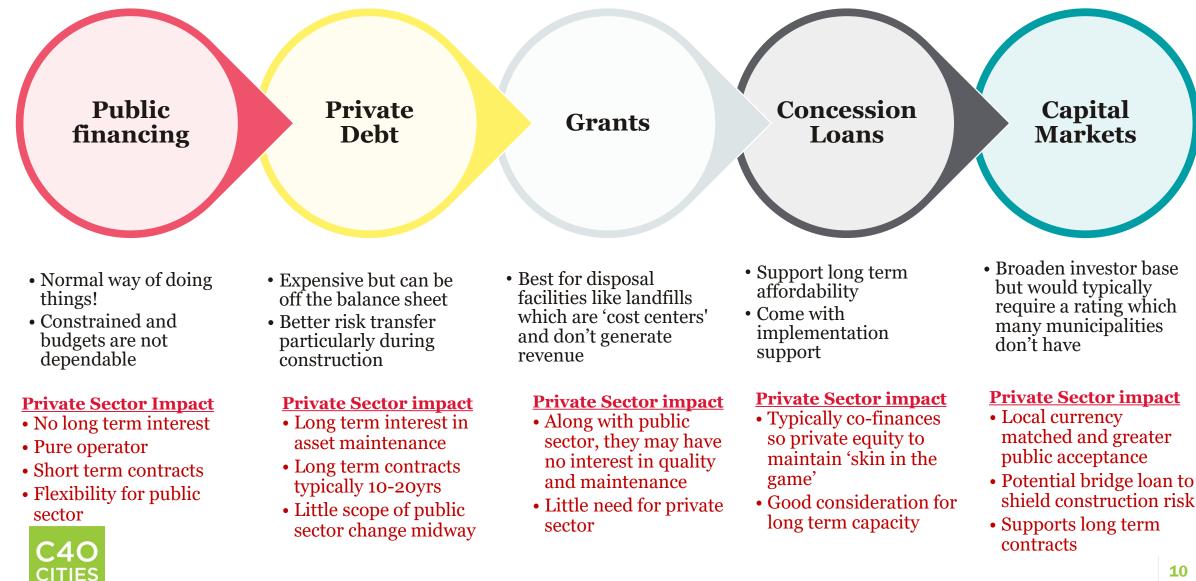
Waste Treatment

- Is there long term protection on my investment?
- Is the waste type and quantity guaranteed?
- Who takes the residual value if any on technology?
- What environmental standards apply?



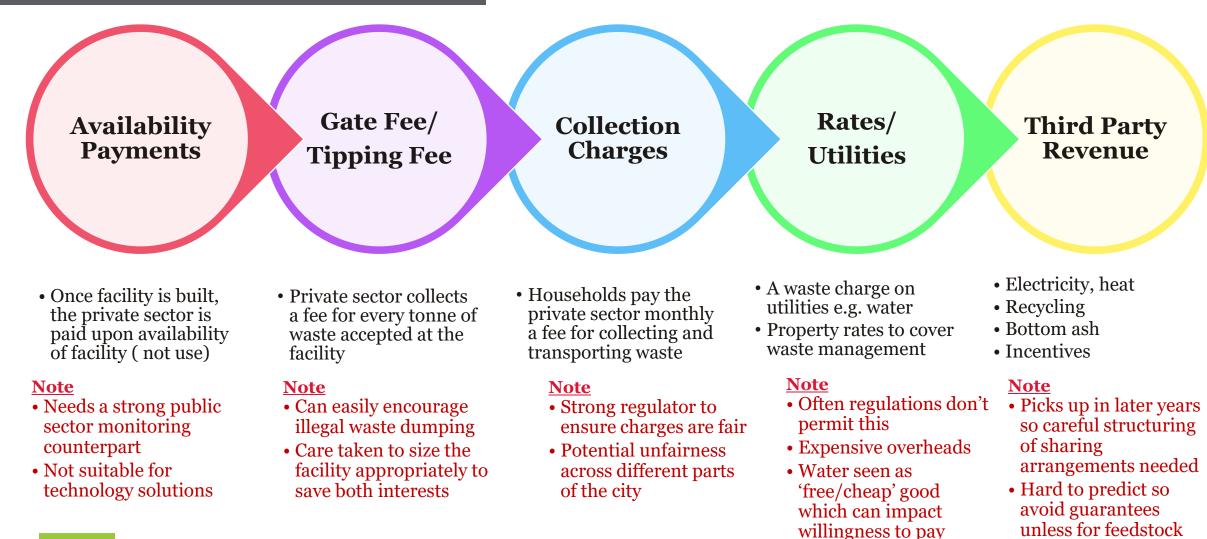
Project Financing

Who is paying for the construction of the project facilities



Project Funding

How do I recover my invested money in the long run?

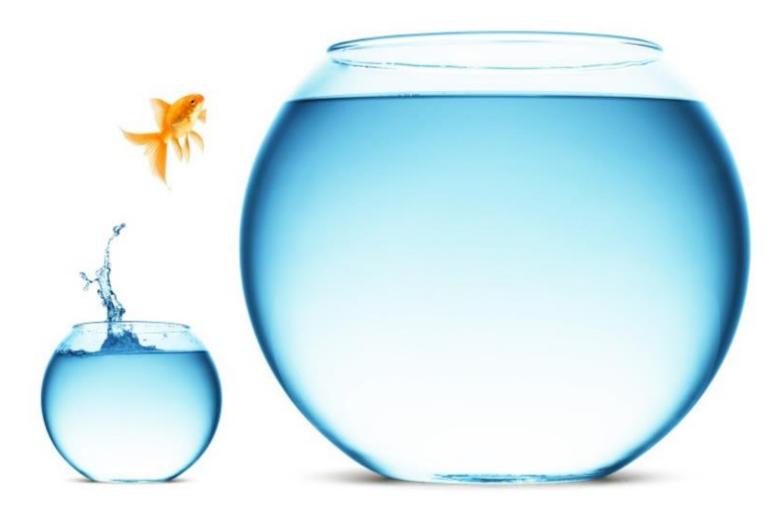






MANAGING RISK THROUGH PROCESSES

Transitioning from public participation to private participation entails risk- How do you manage it?



Managing a process to get the right outcome

Focus on the key items to help mitigate risk

Infrastructure:

Seek development partner support for capital buy down costs, closing existing dumps, constructing landfill and transfer stations.

Institutions

Have the right legal and regulatory framework specifically designed for the waste management sector

Financial Sustainability

Careful consideration for long term planning through the design of taxes and fee structures

Stakeholder Engagement

Never under estimate the importance of total buy in across all stakeholders.....remember "Not in my back yard"

Seek knowledge

Make use of development partner knowledge banks and learn from other countries.

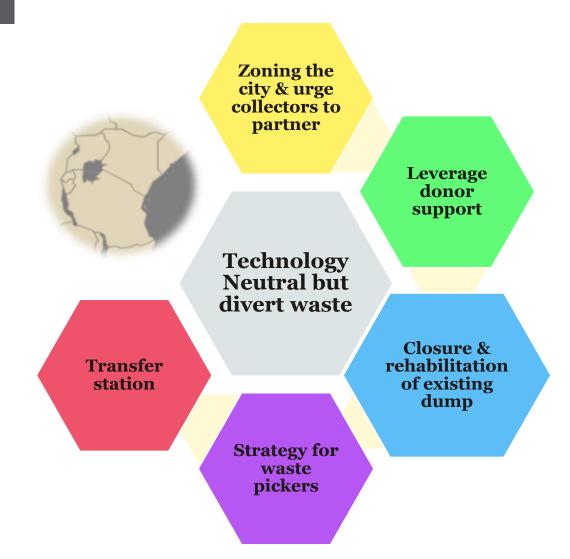


A case of Kampala Waste Management PPP

Facts about the existing situation and the PPP is being formulated

Kampala is the Capital city of Uganda

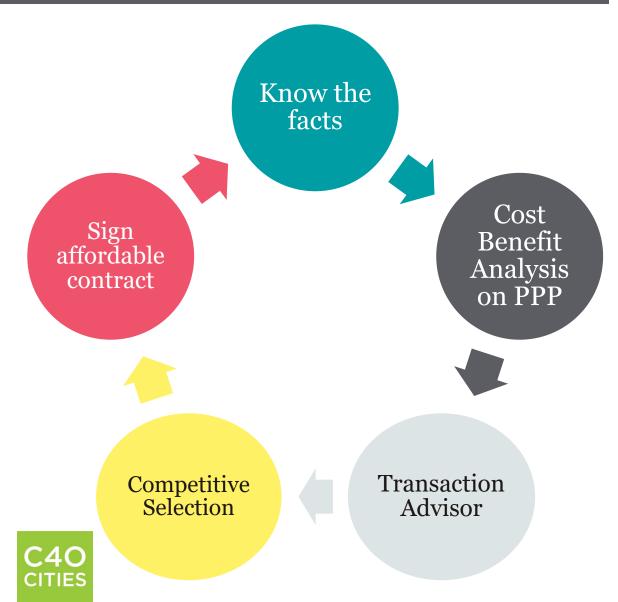
- One of fastest population growth rates in the world
- > 50 collection companies operating locally
- City council collects alongside private collectors
- High unemployment & politically sensitive
- Citizens don't pay the city for waste management
- Existing and only **landfill is full** 15km from city
- 800 waste pickers operating at existing site
- >80 unsolicited offers received for energy from waste
- Excess electricity generation from cheap hydro
- City searched for 2years to find a new location for landfill
- New landfill location nearly 40km away in undulating terrain
- New landfill in a different district from Kampala





Interested in PPP?

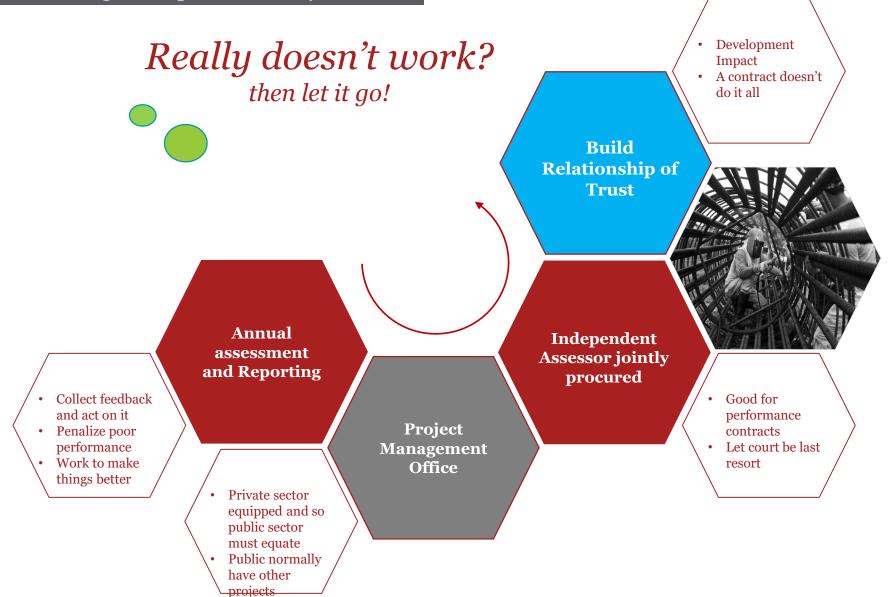
Consider these pre steps before signing on with any private entity



The Pre Steps	Consideration
Know the facts	Questionnaire with 50 asks
Cost Benefit	PPP or Not? Public Sector Comparator?
Transaction Advisor	Technical, legal, financial, affordability, stakeholder engagement, E&S, investor outreach
Competitive Selection	Private sector is not a charity. Also include local content
Sign affordable contract	What revenue base supports the contract being signed? What is the change/exit mechanic?

So you have signed the contract

What are some of the common management points to always consider





Lessons from the Past

CITIES

formulate structured ICE (information, communication, and education) activities





Waste quantity and quality are determining factors

flexibility in technology selection

Political championing is necessary



Land acquisition is critical for the success of PPP projects



Thank you

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