# Big Data for Urban Design and Planning

# Bige Tunçer

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World Bank Learning Event, 25-6-2018

Image source: http://mothership.sg/2015/07/photographer-shoots-airborne-aerial-images-of-singapore-from-helicopters/



The use of 'big data' as an enabler of the smart city vision

Technology itself can't automatically transform and improve cities and the lives of their inhabitants



Some characteristics of big data (Laney, 2001)

Volume (a huge amount of data) Variability (heterogeneous and often unstructured formats of data) Velocity (an almost real-time processing of incoming data)



In the context of design support

Variability (heterogeneous and often unstructured formats of data)



## Design is a data and information intensive process







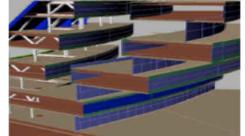


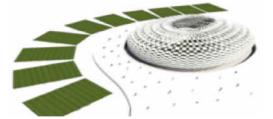




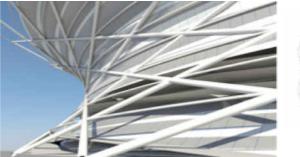


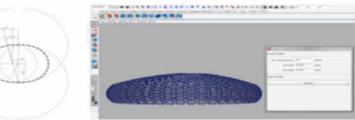






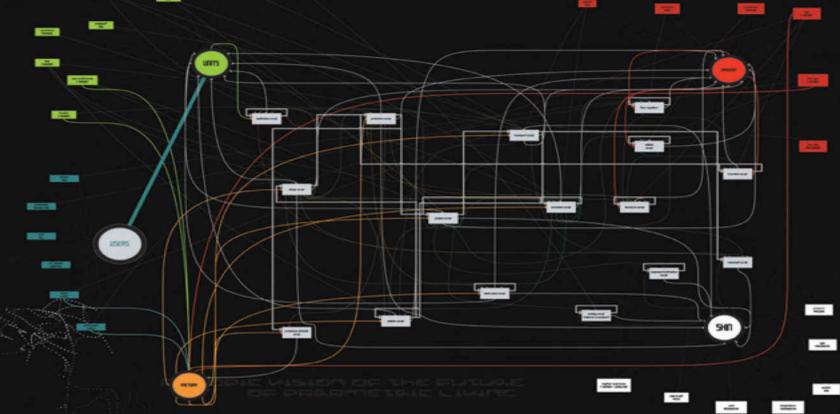






XXL Workshop Student Work Sander Mulders, Tom van Swinderen, Juan Manuel Dávila Delgado

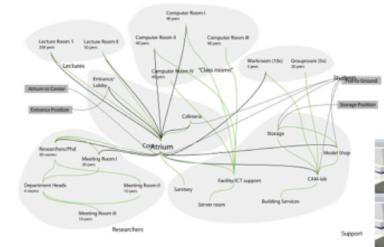
# Design data and information have many interrelationships and dependencies



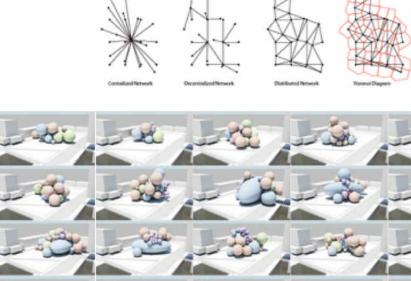
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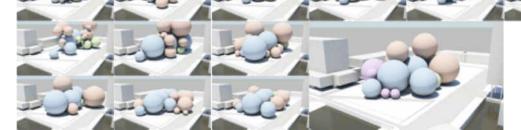
Mirka Tumova | Jenna Fizel | Da Wang | Magdalena Garbarczyk | Tomas Lapka | Alexander Baumann | Lukas Mahlknecht Database design and implementation, and data exchange protocols for an interactive 3D design

## Data and information support design decision making



Sander Mulders School for Digital Design – digital tools for design





Designers switch between various scales

Designers frame and solve various problems consecutively, simultaneously

Providing designers with multi-source multi-scale multi-time

information, or evidence

an important contribution of big data to design support



Designers use evidence from existing situations in projects

Gain insights to improve these projects and gain insights for new designs

Evidence does not lead to a linear translation into design solutions

EBDS can replace some of the assumptions made during design by grounded evidence



## EVIDENCE BASED DESIGN SUPPORT

The research challenge:

Which behavioral hypotheses can be drawn from specific urban data sets and their combination?

What is the relationship of these hypotheses with spatial and organizational aspects of urban spaces?



## URBAN BIG DATA

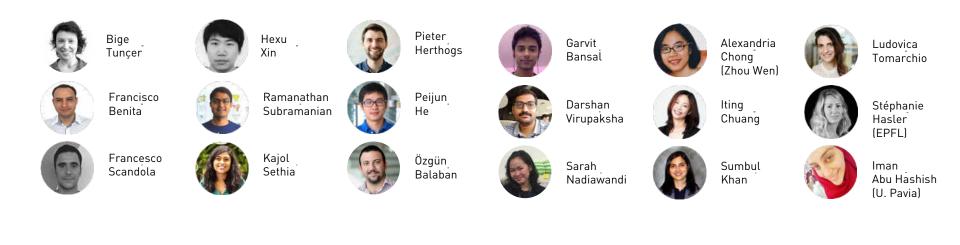
Various sources for data, including:

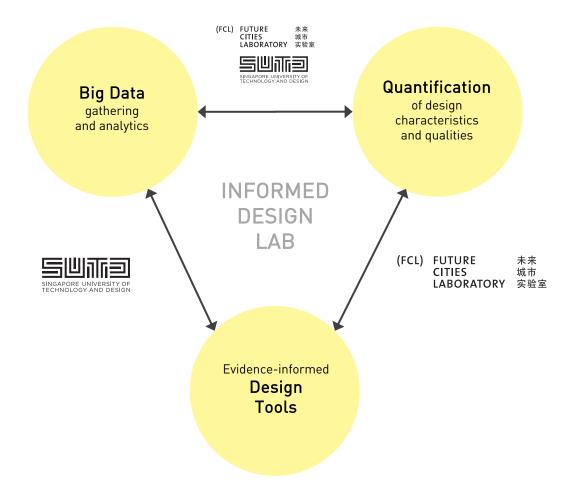
- sensor data for all types of urban infrastructures
- [real-time] transport tracking data
- social network data [information about events or opinions]
- public app data
- user volunteered data [including geographic data]
- phone data
- open data provided by government [e.g., air pollution data, crime data, meteorological data, land use data]



## INFORMED DESIGN LAB @ SUTD & FCL

Multi-disciplinary group consisting of architects, engineers, data scientists







Can we integrate big data, user preferences, and designer knowledge for urban design and planning support?

Multi-source, multi-scale, multi-time data collection

Data analytics and visualization

Deriving insights for designers from evidence

Creating and/or ranking design options building on this evidence

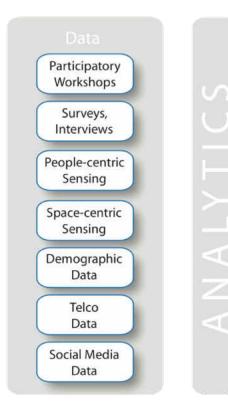


## LIVEABLE PLACES: INFORMED DESIGN FOR ADAPTIVE PUBLIC SPACE

Bige Tunçer, Hexu Xin, Linlin You

Photograph taken by Kien To

## LIVEABLE PLACES: INFORMED DESIGN FOR ADAPTIVE PUBLIC SPACE



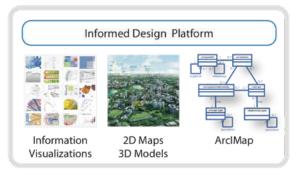
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A+5TAB

### Designers' needs / interests

Coarse population-level human flow patterns Perceived place characteristics / qualities Space usage frequency / timestamps Public / semi-public spaces of interest Fine mobility patterns in certain areas Usage activities Demographic composition of users Sensed characteristics of places

•••











### LIVEABLE PLACES: INFORMED DESIGN FOR ADAPTIVE PUBLIC SPACE

Some questions designers may want to answer through use of the Informed Design Platform:

Which spaces are being used, how, and how much?

How do the people who use these spaces perceive them?

Are any spaces over- or under-utilized?

What can be additional/alternative uses for spaces that increase livability?

How could spaces be modified (new- or re-design) to improve them in terms of the issues above?









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Virginities

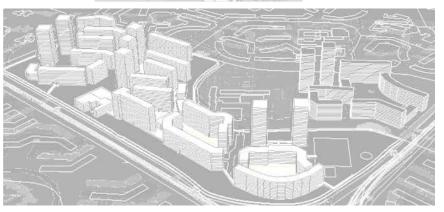
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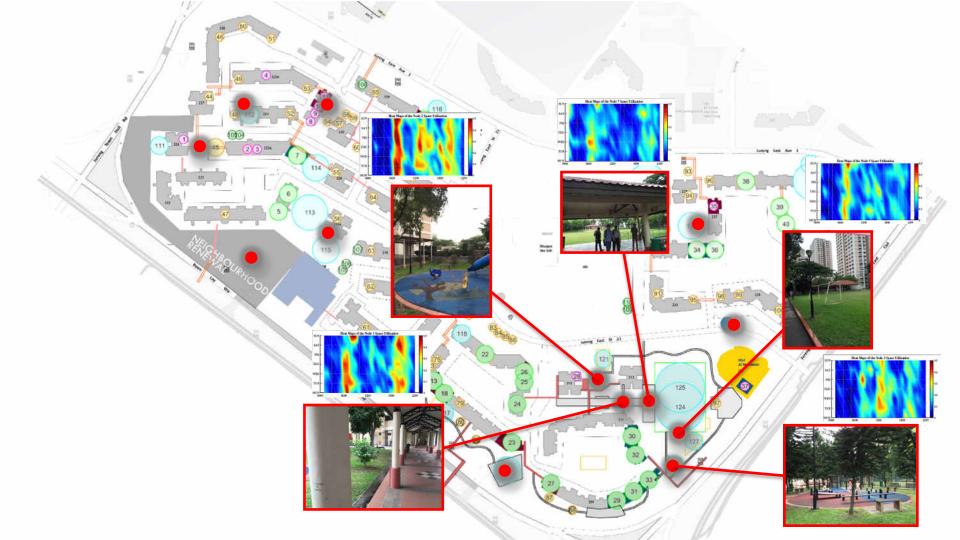


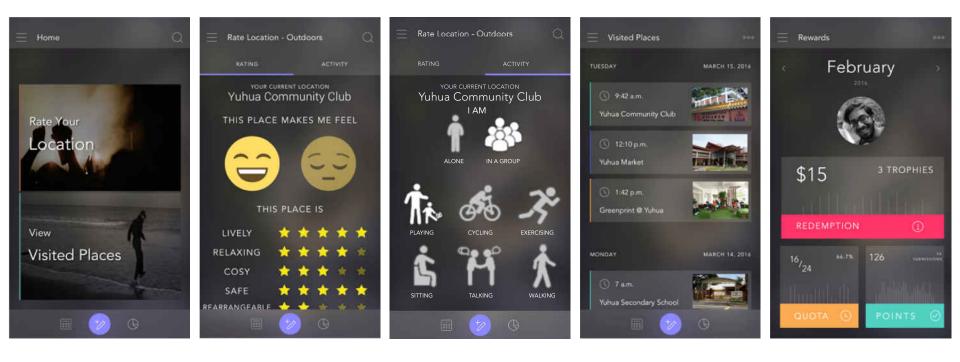




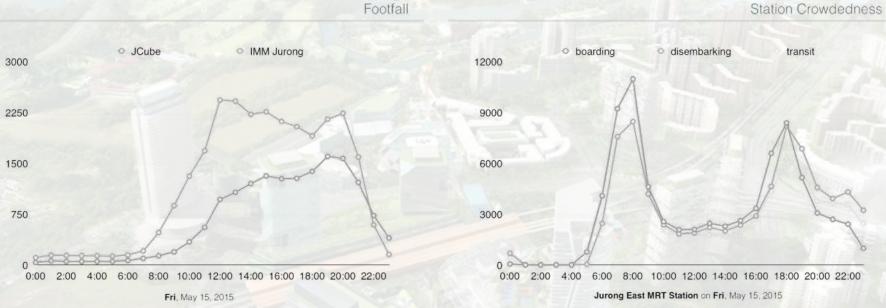












Buildings

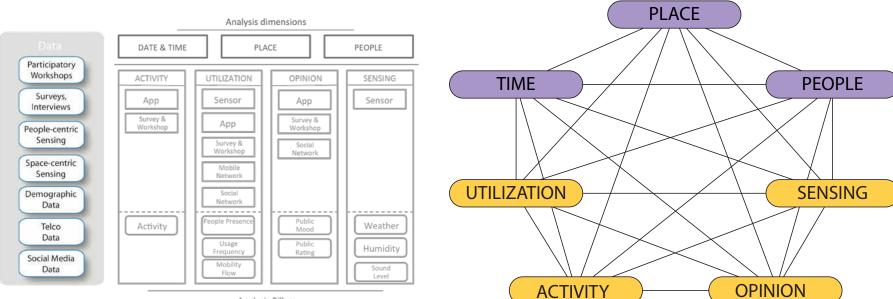
**MRT** Stations







## INTERCONNECTED DATA MODEL



Analysis Pillars



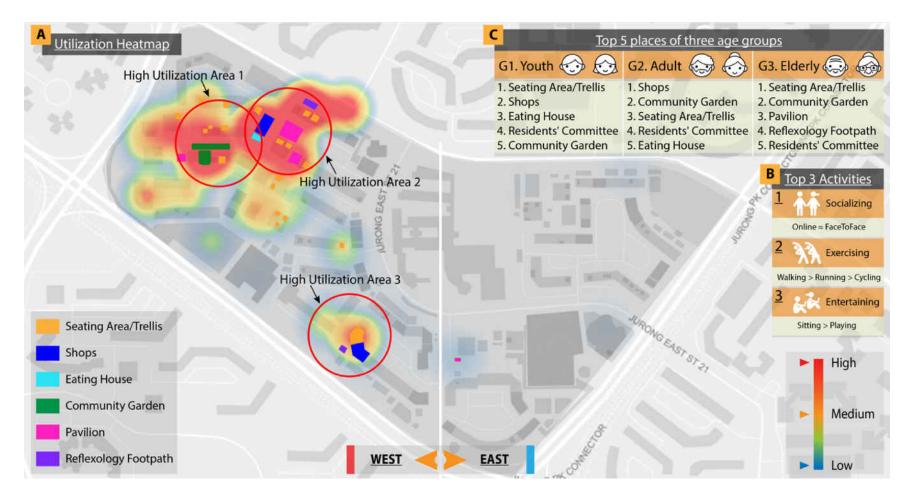














# NATIONAL SCIENCE EXPERIMENT

Bige Tunçer, Nils Ole Trappenhauer, Francisco Benita, Francisco Scandola, Garvit Bansal, Darshan Virupaksha



# 90,629 students 265 schools including 5 polytechnics & 3 ITEs

NATIONAL RESEARCH FOUNDATION PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE SINGAPORE Research , Innovation . Enterprise



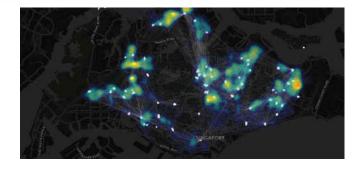


Institute of High Performance Computing



18.6%





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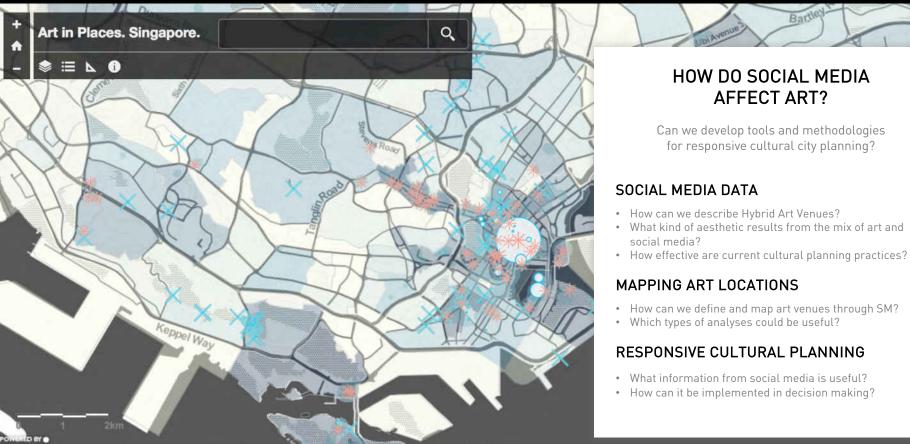
## EXPLORING ART PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION THROUGH SOCIAL MEDIA

Ludovica Tomarchio

Yayoi Kusama's exhibition at the National Gallery PHOTO: NATIONAL GALLERY SINGAPORE

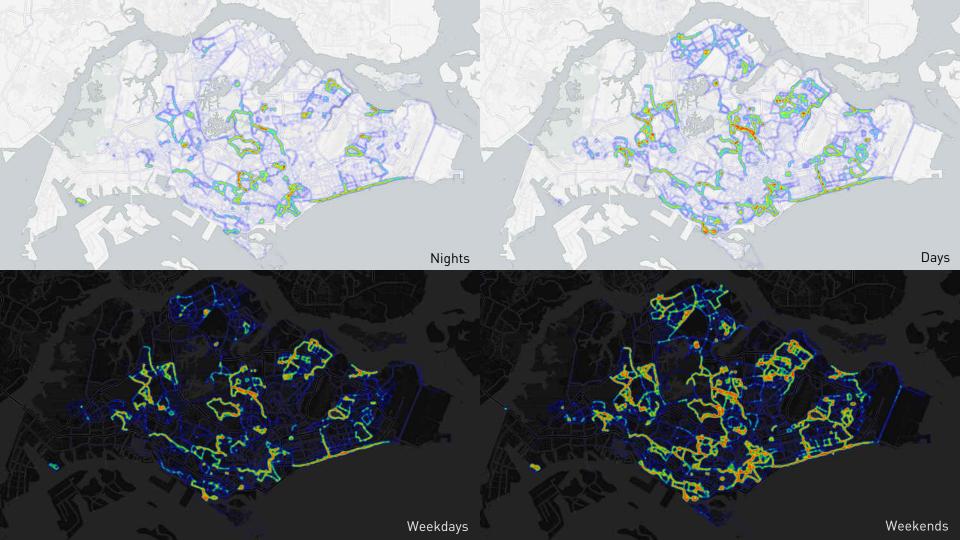
### Art in Space. Singapore

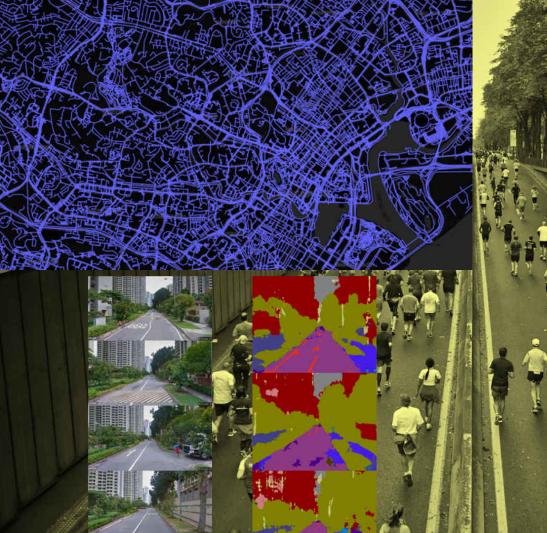
Home page Evidence informed urban design and planning Processes Publications



# STREET NETWORK RUNABILITY

Özgün Balaban







### WHAT DETERMINES WHERE PEOPLE RUN?

Can we define a 'runability' score for streets, networks, and neighbourhoods?

### **RUNNING DATA**

- Climate comfort
- Time of day
- Experience of the runner
- Gender of the runner

### STREET NETWORK

- Connectivity
- Street types
- Distance to Points of Interest

### ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS (qualities)

- Amount of traffic
- Amount of green space

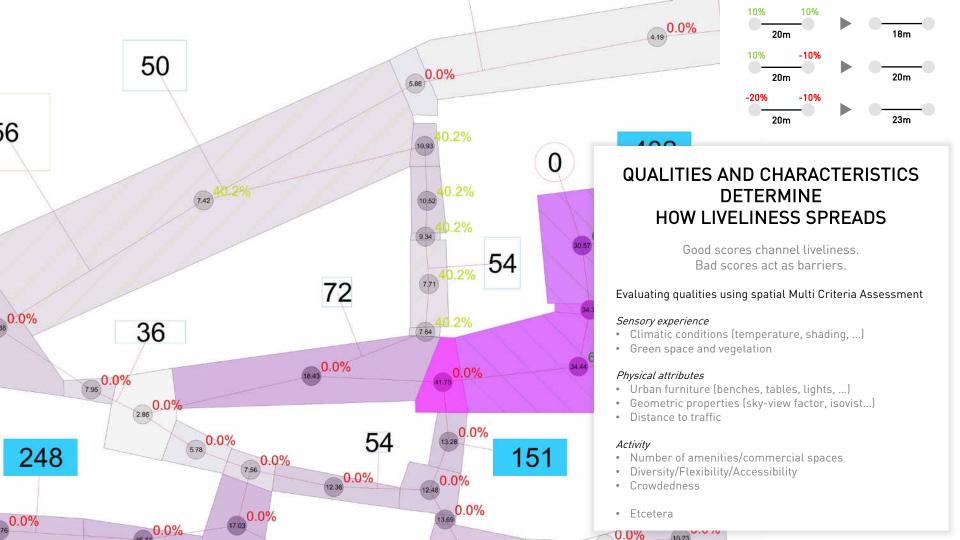
## VISIT POTENTIAL MODEL (VPM)

Pieter Hertogs, Peijun He, in collaboration with Marcus Schlaepfer

The Visit Potential Model

estimates the potential presence of people in public spaces or in buildings,

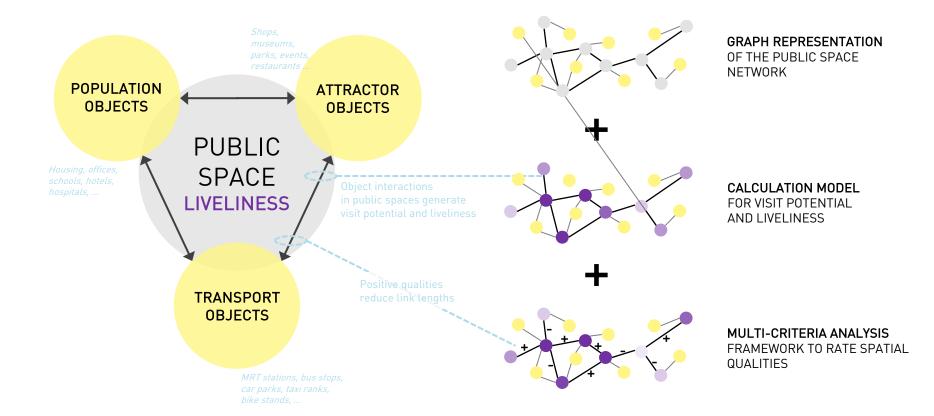
and the effect of design qualities on this potential.

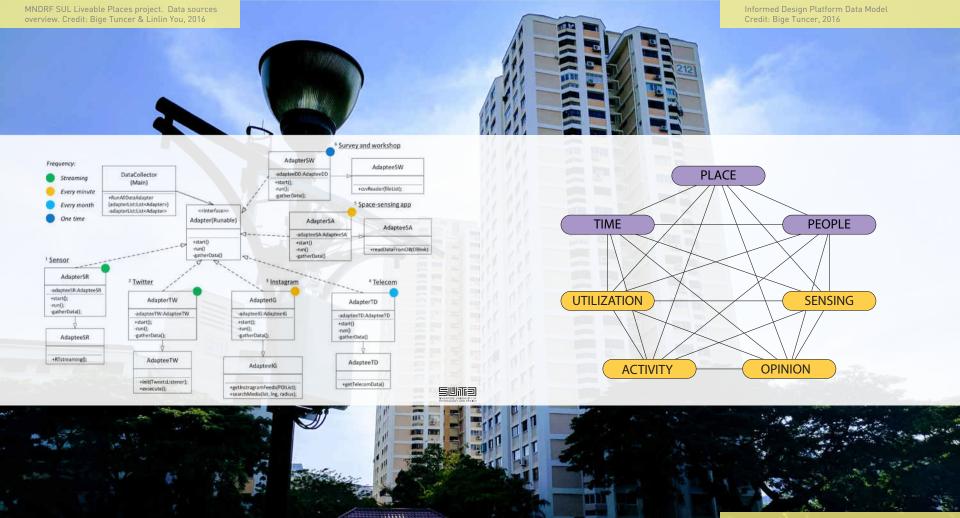


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★ ③	★ ③	★	★ ③
<ul> <li>Leutschenbachstrasse 71, 8050 Zürich, Switzerland</li> <li>Open now: Open 24 hours </li> <li>Claim this business</li> <li>Suggest an edit</li> <li>Add a label</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8050 Zürich, Switzerland</li> <li>Suggest an edit</li> <li>Add a label</li> </ul> Popular times Tuesdays - ©	<ul> <li>Thurgauerstrasse 40, 8050 Zürich, Switzerland</li> <li>fitnessplus.ch</li> <li>+41 44 302 40 50</li> <li>Thursday 6AM-11PM Friday 6AM-11PM Saturday 8AM-6PM Sunday 8AM-6PM</li> </ul>	Casual · Groups · Beer > Cutor Composition Compositi
Add missing information ③ Add phone number Add website	6a 9a 12p 3p 6p 9p 12a 3a	Sunday 8AM-6PM Monday 6AM-11PM Tuesday 6AM-11PM Wednesday 6AM-11PM Suggest an edit Add a label	Closed: Opens at 9:00 AM ~ PEOPLE'S PRESENCE CHANGES THROUGH TIME
Popular times Tuesdays -	10 11 12	Popular times Tuesdays +	Within <u>one hour</u> of the day, the <u>number of people</u> outside of their building is <u>a percentage of the maximum capacity</u> .
St+ Photos	a Photos Add a photo	6a 9a 12p 3p 6p	is distribution is different for different types of buildings.

A weighted graph model calculating

interactions, proximities, and accessibilities





Sensor set-up Photo: Pieter Herthogs, 2017

## SUTD CITIES CLUSTER: DATA DRIVEN DESIGN SOLUTIONS FOR CITIES

Bige Tunçer, Costas Courcoubetis, Ricky Ang, Erwin Viray, Sam Joyce, Micheal Budig

Image source: http://mothership.sg/2015/07/photographer-shoots-airborne-aerial-images-of-singapore-from-helicopters/

# Cities

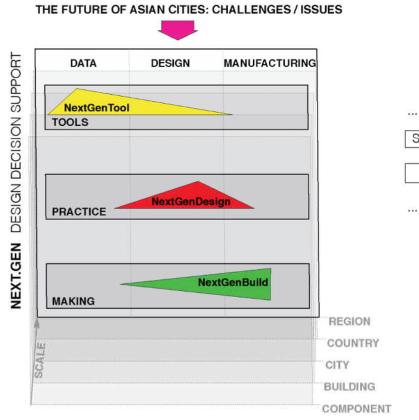
integrated complex systems physical, social, economic, ecological ... subsystems with countless interdependencies and interactions complex, adaptive, self-organizing systems that have some basic properties and hidden structures that are pervasive to all cities depending on some

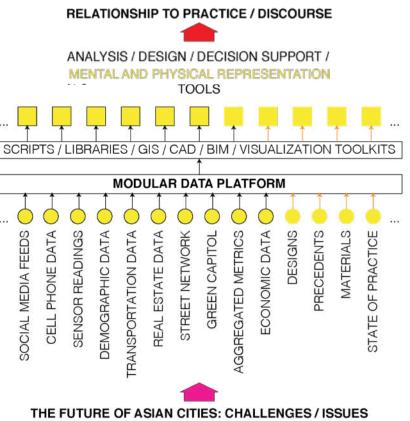
parameters

New science of cities



#### APPROACH





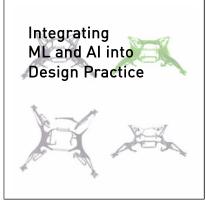


#### RESEARCH











Agencies Companies



#### EDUCATION

SUTD as a regional hub for "CITIES"

A global educational network that generates interaction, exchange, and collaboration

Nurture technically grounded leaders ready to operate in ASEAN+

Changi AeroCity Implementation Testbed Site and Competition Parallel and joint multidisciplinary studios and workshops

Overseas field trips to ASEAN countries for students

Workshop and seminar series to support these educational components

Courses in SUTD Academy

Undergraduate Research program



Data collected may not represent all users of spaces

Evidence and insights derived shed light on only a subset of design parameters that are important for design

Data privacy concerns



#### SOME CONCLUSIONS

Deep understanding of both real and perceived utilization and appreciation of existing public spaces

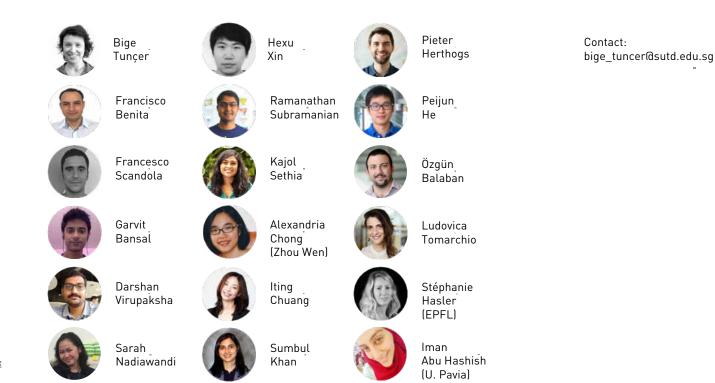
Starting to relate these to physical attributes of places

Developing the methodology and technical infrastructure for this

Ongoing work



### **INFORMED DESIGN LAB**



SINGAPORE UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

(FCL) FUTURE 未来 CITIES 城市 LABORATORY 实验室