



PPPs in Shanghai

Liu Kun Deputy General Manager

Email: liukun@fsc-sh.com

Shanghai Green Urban Financing and Services Co., Ltd



O1 Profile of PPP in Shanghai

02 Experiences and Challenges

03 Some Suggestions



1. PPP Agenda in Shanghai

1994-1999

Start & Trial

Pilot projects to loosen financing shortage transport and water

2000-2005

Speed up & Enlarge

Key Projects to Restructure infrastructure System, seeking for financing and expertise

2007-2014

Regulate & Legislation

Regulations to guide high quality operation of **Projects**





2007



2. PPP Project Framework

Scopes		Authorities	Numbers
Highways		Municipal Transport Committee	15 (Sections)
Water & Wastewater		Water Authority/ EPB	16
Sanitations	Wastes	Municipal Greenery Bureau	11
Gas		Municipal Construction Committee	2

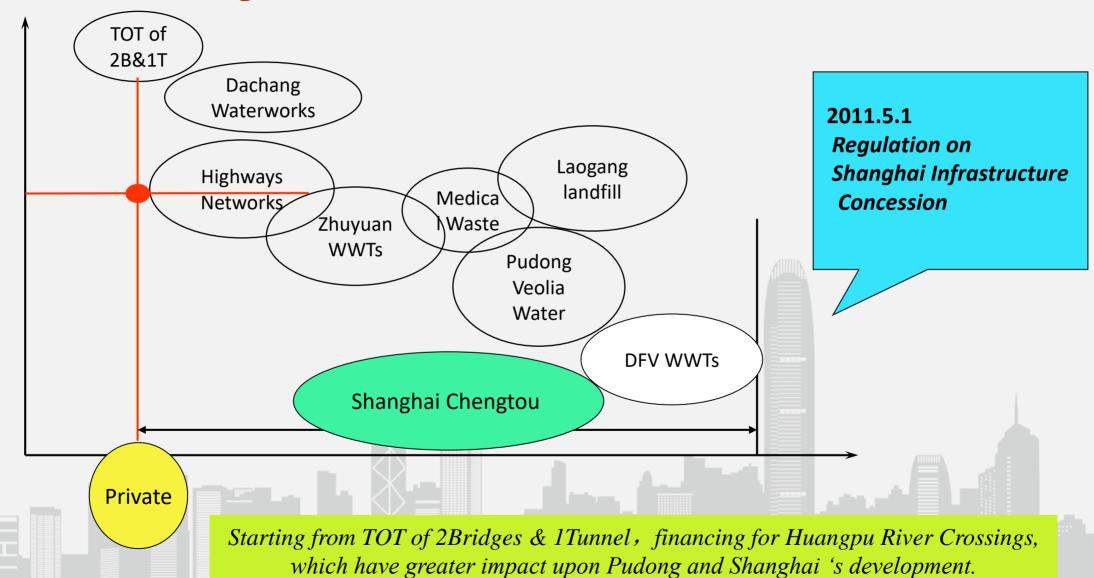
Yangtze Bridge & Tunnel G1501Highwy 5 Downtown Bridges &Tunnels

Dachang Waterworks Pudong Water Zhuyuan WWT1,2 Suburban WWTs

Laogang Landfill Medical Waste Center Jiangqiao Waste Plant

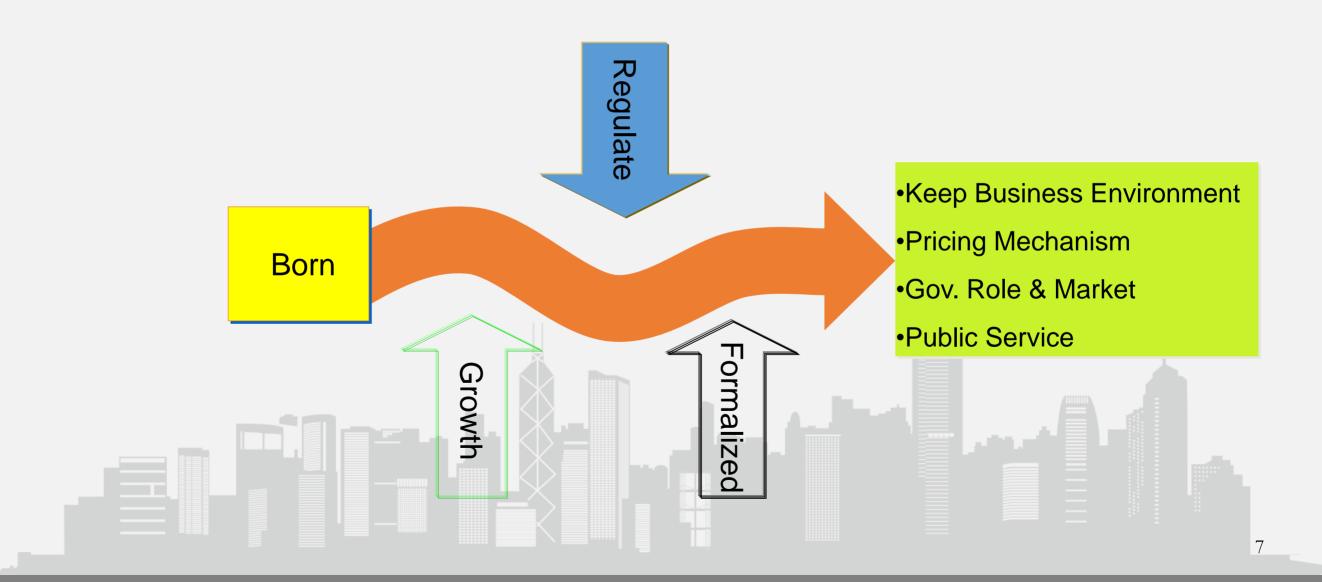


3. PPP Milestone in Shanghai





4. PPP Path in Shanghai





5. Key Points in Shanghai Infrastructure Concession Regulation

- Purpose: Regulated Governance, High Quality Service, Public Interest, Private Interest
- Definition: Government Select and Authorize private sector
- Scope: water supply, Gas, Waste Water, Municipal Waste, Express and Highways, Rails
- Method: BOT, TOT and others
- Concessionaire Selection: Competitive Bidding or Dialogue
- Payback: User pay, Subsidisation and other revenue.
- Tariff and Pricing: by Government, according to Laws and Contracts
- Concession Period: Less than 30 Years
- Transparence: Business plan, Financial Plan and Accounting Report
- Standardized Contract
- Change Mechanism



6. PPP Case of Pudong Water with Veolia (2002), ten years after...

	2002	2012	Δ
Service area(Km²)	319	672	+110%
Pipeline Length (Km)	1,975	3,966	+101%
Meters of Users	573,000	1,109,117	+94%
Water sales (Mill.m³)	277	401	+45%
Staff Numbers	1,205	1,186	-2%



PART 02 Experiences and Challenges

1. PPP Benefits, beyond money (Compare with Traditional Way)

Comparison btw.PPP and Traditional (Chengtou) way

	PPP	Traditional (Chengtou)
Project Border	Fixed and Clear	Changable and unclear
Cost Control	easy	difficult
Financing	Project finance, Off-balance	Corporate finance, in balance
Risk management	Gov. Risk transfer and diversify	Gov. Risk agglomerate in Chengtou

PART 02 Experiences and Challenges

2. PPP challenges and limits, beyond money (Compare with Traditional Way)

Comparison btw.PPP and Traditional (Chengtou) way

	PPP	Traditional (Chengtou)
Goals btw Gov.& Private	Private low Standard, Private low input, high profit	Chengtou high Standard Chengtou high input ,low profit
Readjust Mechanism	Difficulty in Contract and tariff renegotiation Pay 1st, Service 2nd	Chengtou readjusts according to Gov. ANY TIME! Pay 2nd, Service 1st
Moral Hazards	Incomplete Contract, Information Asymmetry, Intensive monitoring	No Contract, No Information Asymmetry, No Intensive monitoring
Sustainability	Success in Business	Success in Projects

3. More Challenges and Limitations in PPP, within China





Enhance Capacity Building, both to Public and Private

Reschedule Project Procedure, let private say, plan and design



Adapt Financial Institution to PPP ways

Cultivate Market Actors, obliterate regional walls



PART 03 Some Suggestions

Comparison of various stages of PPP by income level proposed by the World Bank PPIAF

