

Dar es Salaam TANZANIA



Dar es Salaam: Basic Information



5.38 million as per 2022 Census



population growth rate: above 4%
Over 10 million by 2030

23.5%

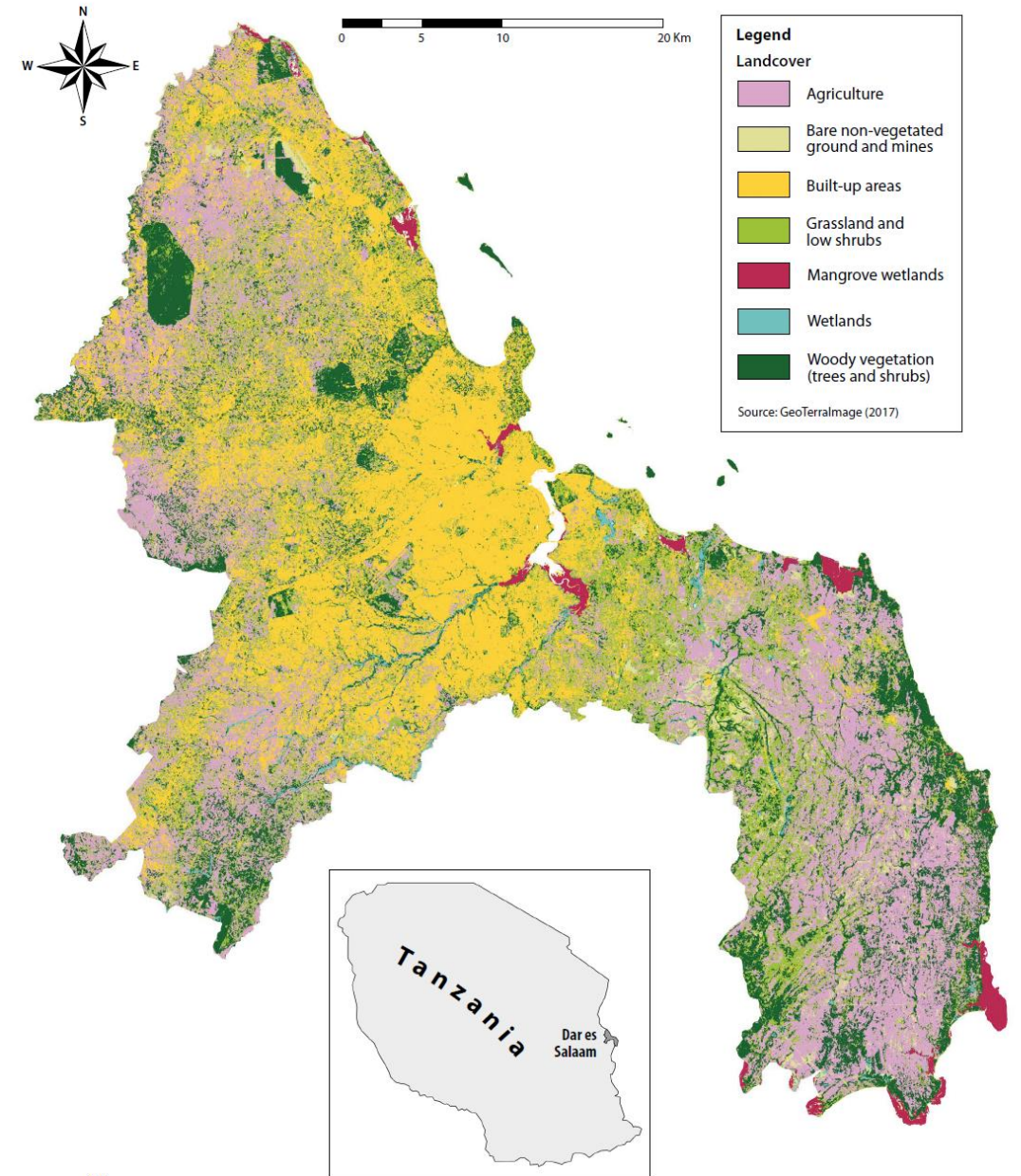
Percentage of green areas

- Public Green Spaces (2%)
- Parks (0.1%)
- Reserved Military/University (3.4%)
- Trees (18%)



Summary of Urban Biodiversity Context of Dar es Salaam

- A Thematic Atlas of Nature's Benefits to Dar es Salaam
 - overview of what is at stake
 - areas where actions are needed
- As a country, we have National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) 2015-2020
- Only one municipality has customized strategy and action plan
- DMDP2 to assist in preparation of city's biodiversity strategy, action plan and establishment of biodiversity database for all 5 local government authorities in Dar es Salaam.
- Urban biodiversity is managed by NEMC, Tanzania Forest Services, Fisheries and Livestock, Local Government Authorities



Key challenges in implementing National biodiversity strategy

- Inadequate resources to fully implement all the priority actions identified for each biodiversity component;
- Rapid urbanization coupled with land pressure leading to replacement of urban green and natural ecosystems with human activities/resettlement
- Inadequate mainstreaming of biodiversity issues in sectors and Local Government plans and budgets.
- Low level of awareness of the public on the socio-economic importance of biodiversity;
- Inadequate participation of communities in the management of biodiversity;
- Insufficient data about biodiversity, inadequate capacity for research and dissemination, and insufficient collaboration between institutions that manage data;



Prospects for implementing urban biodiversity strategy

- Strengthen role of coordinating institution for biodiversity conservation
- Implement the National Environmental Education and Communication Strategy (NEECS) to promote biodiversity
- Establish, strengthen and implement awareness programmes to promote and encourage the effective stakeholder participation in the stewardship of the biodiversity
- Mainstream biodiversity into all levels of education
- Promote biodiversity related exhibitions
- Strengthen the enforcement of biodiversity related legislation



Thanks for
Listening

