



Context

Cities, suburbs, and the global infrastructure system have a **devastating impact on nature**, affecting nearly a third of threatened species.

44% of global GDP in cities (\$31 trillion) is estimated to be at risk of disruption from nature loss and urban expansion is undermining nature's critical contributions to society - such as air quality, flood and drought prevention, and food security.

A nature-positive transition for cities is needed to:

- Reverse the existing negative impact of cities on nature
- Make cities more hospitable to nature and wildlife
- Reimagine the relationship between cities and the surrounding areas

We must **transform our cities**, ensure they operate in harmony with nature offer urban dwellers healthy, resilient and prosperous lives.



Vision

Accelerating nature-positive cities, or BiodiverCities, that live in harmony with nature and its biodiversity so that every urban activity leaves the earth enriched and not depleted.

BiodiverCities by 2030 drives change by:







Establishing and mainstreaming the concept of nature-positive urban development

Catalyzing multi-stakeholder cooperation to make cities engines of planet-compatible economic growth, resilience and well-being





Current impact

Curating the <u>Global Commission</u> of experts on BiodiverCities by 2030

Insight Report <u>"BiodiverCities by 2030: Transforming cities" relationship</u> with nature"

Orienting systems approach decision making via the <u>Transformation Map</u> on BiodiverCities

Scouting and supporting <u>a community of innovators and</u> <u>entrepreneurs</u> enabling the transition to nature-positive cities

Socializing the concept at milestone events and through op-eds such as:

- ✓ Urban Transformation Summit 2021
- ✓ UNEA Cities and Nature Summit
- ✓ World Cities Day 2021

✓ WEF Annual Meeting, COP26 Live & Sustainable Development Impact Summit

Global Commission of Experts



programme

SITRA

INTERNATIONAL

CENTRE (IDC)

DESIGN







































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Michael Pawlyn Founder and CEO, Exploration



Executive Director, Global Resilient



Senior Director, Willis Towers Watson

Insight Report – BiodiverCities by 2030: Transforming Cities' Relationship with Nature

1 Cities' relationship with nature

Rapid expansion of the built environment has proven detrimental for cities' natural ecosystems, denting economic prospects and necessitating a systemic transition in urban development.

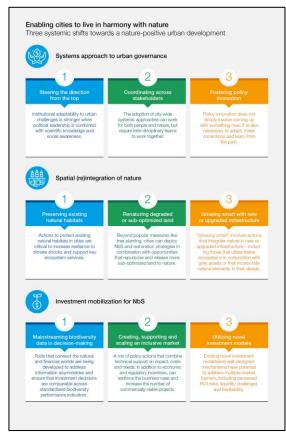


2 Making the economic case for BiodiverCities

A potential \$589 billion investment opportunity for NbS for infrastructure and land-sparing interventions in cities awaits in 2030, paving the way for nature-based urban transformation.



3 Enabling cities to live in harmony with nature A nature-positive model of urban development requires a systemic shift in governance, spatial (re)integration of nature, and investment mobilization.







Next steps

Raising **policy ambition** and **business engagement** at global and regional levels

Catalysing **leadership** and influencing **system change** to integrate nature in urban planning, policies and investments

Strengthening **enabling environments** for nature-positive interventions in cities

Partnering with cities to **pilot solutions** for nature-positive interventions

Supporting and promoting BiodiverCities innovation across sectors



BiodiverCities Innovation Challenge





The <u>cohort of top-innovators</u> joined a 4-month accelerator programme tailored to scale up their impact

Supporting Partners







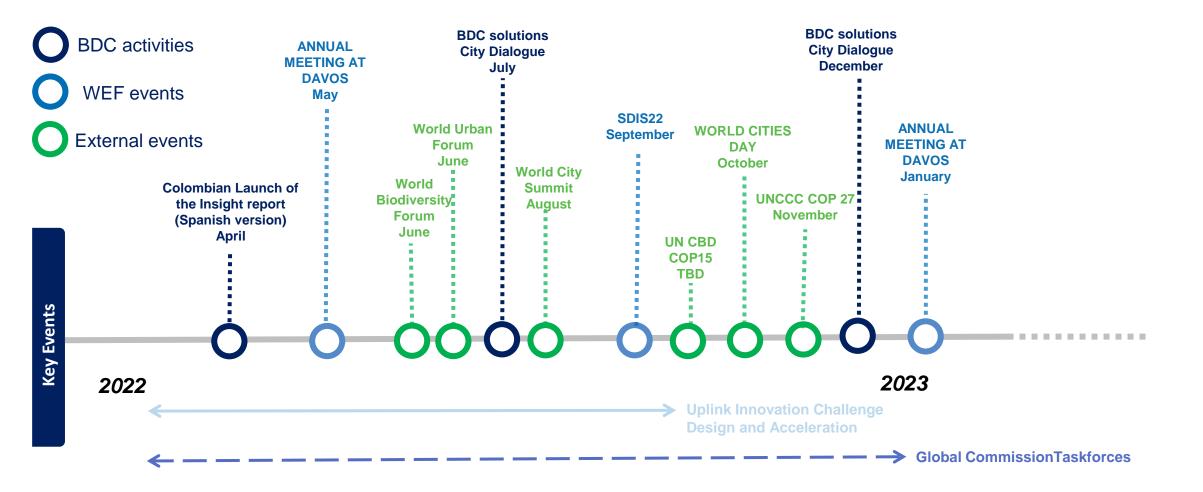








Timeline





Thank you

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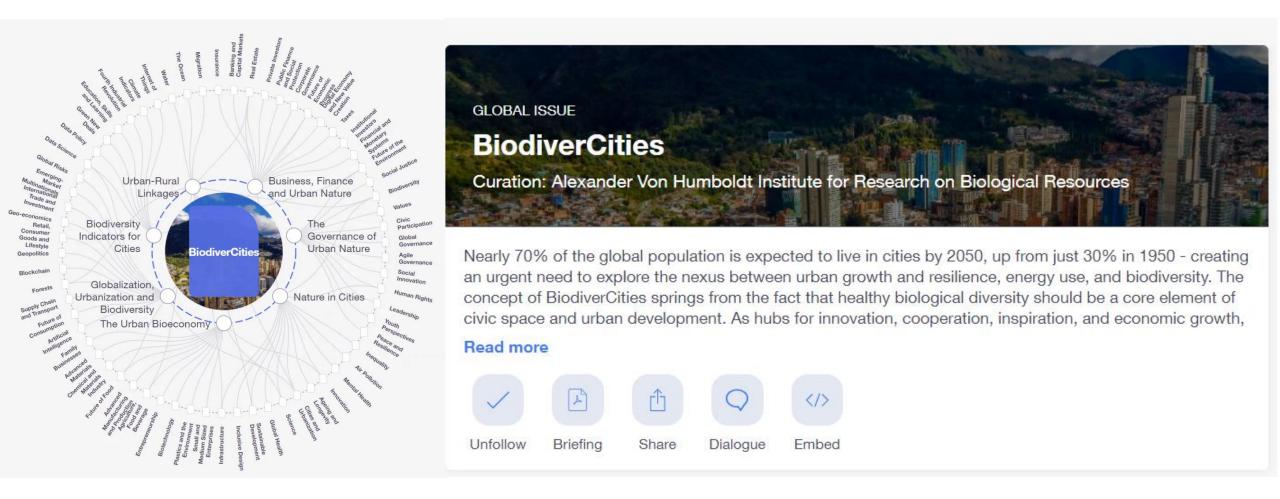
https://www.weforum.org/biodivercities-by-2030/home



Annexes



BiodiverCities Transformation Map



Interactive, dynamic data visualisation for presenting information related to BiodiverCities and its interdependencies with other relevant topics. Visit the map on the Forum <u>Strategic Intelligence Platform</u>.



Op-Eds published on the WEF Agenda

A new initiative could make cities more biodiverse: Here's how



This article is part of the The Davos Agenda

· Over half the world's population lives in cities, which are responsible for 75% of global

How to reimagine our cities as hubs for biodiversity conservation and climate resilience



Biodiversity - all living organisms, including plants, animals and microorganisms - is essential ninds. Nature has often been associated as purely a feature of rural landscapes, when in fact urban areas are home to a myriad of ecosystems and natural wealth, harbouring rich

How to make our cities greener, healthier, wilder and fairer



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- . By 2050, 68% of the world's population is expected to live in a city;
- Rapid urbanization threatens biodiversity, but cities can be critical spaces to address this with solutions that, crucially, reconnect people with nature
- . The World Economic Forum, is collaborating with the Government of Colombia on

Read more here.

How to measure the ecological performance of cities so people and nature can thrive



We are now an urban animal - 68% of humanity will live in urban areas by 2050.

Addressing the health of nature in cities is key to our well-being and prosperity

 The IUCN Urban Nature Index and the Singapore Index on Cities' Biodiversity have been created to help mayors, city leaders and communities achieve a nature-positive future b

Read more here.

This is why we need to put nature at the heart of urban development



Silje Ditlefsen Zanni

 Between now and 2050, our planet will welcome an additional 3 billion people, and nearly 70% of this global population will live in cities.

. As cities expand faster than at any point in history, so does their ecological footprint and impact on nature loss and climate.

Read more here.

If the world's 1 million municipalities were nature-positive, we could tackle climate change



This article is part of the Forum COP26 Live

. Designing, building and managing cities to be nature-positive is a key component of the

Read more here. Read more here. Read more here