

carbonn Climate Registry and Clear Path as integrated tools for reporting GHG emissions / City Climate Planner accreditation program

Global Platform for sustainable cities (GPSC)

Expert meeting – Measuring the Impact of Urban Planning
Strategies on GHG Emissions
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23-24.04.2018
Washington D.C



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- 5. Clear Path
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- 7. Supported initiatives
- 8. City Climate Planner



ICLEI – Local governments for sustainability (I)

Who we are?

ICLEI is the leading global network of more than 1,500 cities, towns and regions committed to building a sustainable future.



Source: ICLEI Website





Our vision

ICLEI envisions a world of sustainable cities that confront the realities of urbanization, adapt to social and economic trends and prepare for the impacts of climate change and other urban challenges. This is why ICLEI unites local and regional governments in creating positive change through collective learning, exchange and capacity building.

ICLEI – Local governments for sustainability (III)



Our approach

The ICLEI Network takes an integrated approach to sustainable development, striving to become sustainable, low-carbon, Eco mobile, resilient, biodiverse, resource-efficient, healthy and happy, with a green economy and smart infrastructure.

Our 10 Urban Agendas are an expression of our integrated approach. ICLEI forges strategic partnerships with business and financial institutions to strengthen our results and bring about global change with a coalition of able partners. We also work to ensure that strong policy environments support local action through our national and global advocacy advancements.

Our cumulative knowledge and ambitions will continue to drive our work.

Low Carbon City Agenda



- A low-carbon city recognizes its responsibility to act.
- It pursues a step-by-step approach towards carbon neutrality, urban resilience and energy security, supporting an active green economy and stable green infrastructure.
- The local government collaborates with other levels of government on optimizing climate action through effective vertical integration.
- Together with other cities, low-carbon cities look to scale up their efforts, conform to global standards, report to national and global platforms, and continuously improve their performance towards low carbon, sustainable development.

Carbonn Climate Registry (cCR)



- Introduction
- Reporting elements
- Benefits of reporting

Carbonn Climate Registry (cCR)

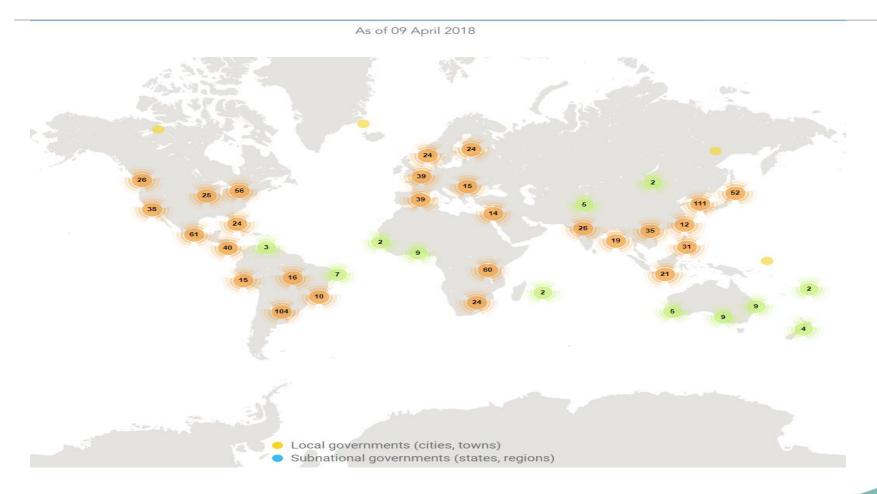




Source: carbonn climate registry website – Updated to 09.04.2018

Carbonn Climate Registry (cCR)



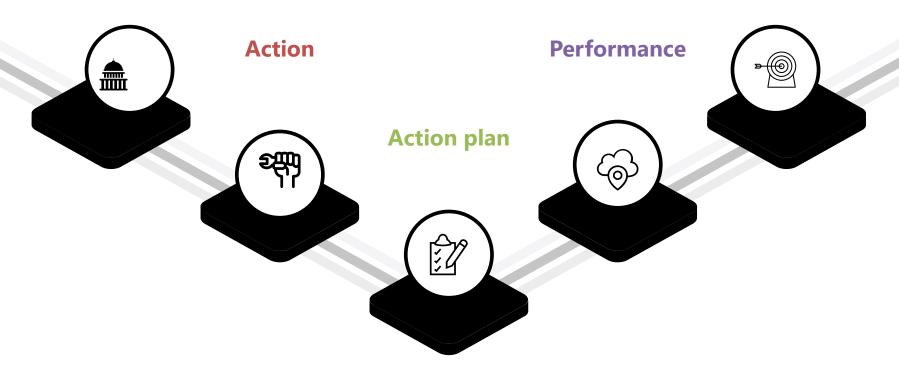


Source: carbonn climate registry website – Updated to 09.04.2018

cCR – Core reporting elements



Background info Target



Basic reporting requirement: Background info+ any other one element

cCR – Benefits of reporting









- cCR includes 2 GHG inventories reporting tabs
- 1 based on GPC basic requirements for community scale inventories
- 1 based on a simplified corporate inventory for local government activities





GPC aligned inventory tab







GPC aligned inventory tab

1	4													
	If you can provide i		tonnes)								Data @	uality		Explanatory co
GHG Emissions Source (By Sector and Sub-sector)	value, please expla why	CO ₂	CH4	NzO	HFC	PFC	SF E	NF,	otal CO:	COz(b)	Activity Data Quality Assesment	Emission Factors	Methodology used	Exclusio
STATIONARY ENERGY				'										
Residential buildings														
Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary		 57625223.10 	112111.33	33633.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Detailed activity data	More general emission factors		
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	•	194027.06	284.12	732.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Modeled a ctivity data using robust assumptions	More general emission factors	-	
Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy	•	34614.00	7177393.59	67.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Detailed activity data	More general emission factors	-	
Commercial and institutional buildings and facilities		•	•	•	•	•				•				
Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	•	▼ 36989172.18	71963.37	21589.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	#####	0.00	Detailed activitydata	More general emission factors	•	
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary		· 373298.42	546.64	1409.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Modeled a ctivity data using robust assumptions	More general emission factors	-	
Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy		 45251.23 	4607145.56	130.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Detailed activitydata .	More general emission factors		
Manufacturing industries and construction	-				•							-		
Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary		· 12895125.70	25087.79	7526.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Detailed activity data	More general emission factors	-	
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary		· 130138.89	190.57	491.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Modicled a ctivity data using robust assumptions	More general emission factors	-	
Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy		v 15775.43	1606138.17	45.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	****	0.00	Detailed activity data	More general emission factors	-	
Energy industries					•						_	-	_	'
Emissions from energy production used in power plant auxiliary operations within the city	Included Blac where	-										-	•	
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed by energy industries	Included tise where	_										-	-	
Emissions from transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy used in power plant auxiliary operations	Included Bise where	<u> </u>											_	
Emissions from energy generation supplied to the grid	Included tise where	-]			
Agriculture, forestry and fishing activities														
Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	Included that where	-									<u> </u>	•	-	
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	Included tise where	•									1			
Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy	Included that where	-									,	-	•	
Hon-specified sources		_									-	- 1		
Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	Not Decurring	-1							1					
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	Not Occurring	-										ă e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	-	
Emissions from transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied	Not Occurring	_												
energy consumption rugitive emissions from mining, processing, scorage, and	No. Coloning											1	<u>×</u>	
Emissions from fugitive emissions within the city boundary	Not Occurring			_		_	_	_	_			nr .		
	Not Occurning													
Fugitive emissions from oil and natural gas systems Emissions from fugitive emissions within the city boundary	Not Occurring	-1		_					_					
	-									CO ₂ (b)	_			
GHG Emissions Source (By Sector and Sub-sector)	Notation keys	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	HFC	PFC	SF _E	NF;	otal CO:	(optional)	Activity Data	Emission Factors	Methodology used	Exclusio
TRANSPORTATION														
On-road transportation		* 329278.96	1418.92	5244.00		_			Innnn		Highly-mode led or uncertain a ctivity data			
Emissions from fuel combustion on-road transportation occurring in the city	•	329278,96	1418.92	5244.00					*****		Highly-mode led or uncertain a covity data	More general emission factors		
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for on-road transportation Emissions from portion of transboundary journeys occurring outside the	Not Occurring	*										•	•	
city, and transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy	Included tise where	y .										-	-	
Railways											-			
Emissions from fuel combustion for railway transportation occurring in the	Not Occurring	•										•	•	
Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for railways	Included that where]			
Emissions from portion of transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy	Included tise where													







HOME

ABOUT ICLEI

GOVERNMENT TRACK

COMMUNITY-SCALE TRACK

SIGN OUT

Jurisdiction: MikeVille 🕶

Welcome to ClearPath

The new emissions management software suite from ICLEI-USA. Within this set of tools you will be able to manage energy and greenhouse gas emissions at both the local government operation and community scales.

Select either the Government Operations or Community track by clicking the appropriate icon below.



Government Track

Within this track you will find the resources you need to perform a <u>Local Government Operations Protocol</u> compliant greenhouse gas emissions inventory and forecast.

GET STARTED



Community-Scale Track

Within this track you will find the resources you need to perform a <u>US Community Protocol</u> compliant greenhouse gas emissions inventory and forecast.

GET STARTED





What is ClearPath?

ClearPath is a powerful, advanced web application for energy and emissions management. As a cloud-based tool, it's easier than ever to store your data, collaborate with colleagues, and use new features as soon as they are available. With hundreds of users and free availability of our community-scale inventory module to Global Covenant of Mayors signatories nationwide, ClearPath is the most widely-used software tool for managing local climate mitigation efforts.





Why ClearPath?

- Develop protocol-compliant emissions inventories
- Forecast multiple scenarios for future emissions
- Analyze the costs and benefits of emissions reduction measures
- Visualize alternative planning scenarios
- Track your progress over time
- Guidance and training at your fingertips





ClearPath Features

- Cloud data storage
- Multiple users
- Inventory Module for performing calculations and reporting around the Global Protocol for Community-Scale Emissions(GPC) and the U.S. Community Protocol
- Integrated, dynamic Forecasting Module
- Integrated Planning Module for decision-support on climate action planning
- Integrated Monitoring Module for tracking progress
- Useful charts and visualizations

Feature Summary



- Online, "Cloud-Based" Application
- Collaboration supported w/ multiple users per jurisdiction and multiple jurisdictions per user
- Secure data storage with daily backups
- Remote support and training
- Track progress over time





Modules in ClearPath



Inventory

 Records aggregate by individual fuel type, activity, or processes and produce:

> Summary "Forecast Series"

Sector Forecasts

Forecast combines

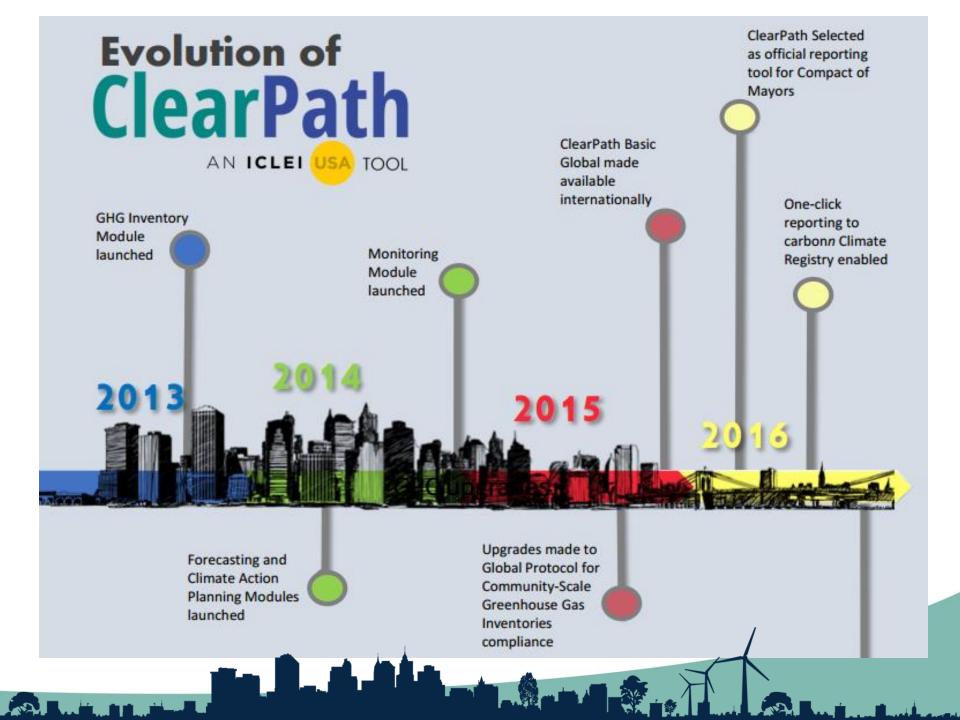
- Forecast Series start values
- Growth Rate Factor Sets

Planning combines

- Sector forecasts
- Reduction calculator outputs

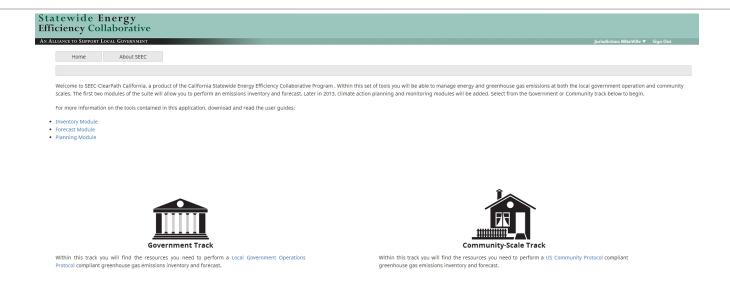
Scenario Plans

Monitoring & Reporting



Inventory Module





- Manage emissions across Local Governments and Community tracks with Protocol reporting standards
- Emission factors and other coefficients are user-defined except for stationary fuels
- Specific reports for scopes, sectors, and Global Covenant of Mayors reporting
- Help and instructions text available in every calculator and sector

Basic Emissions Calculations



Activity Data X Emissions Factor

= Emissions Estimate

Activity Data

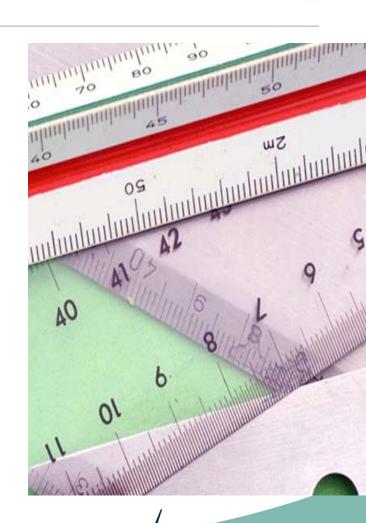
E.g. electricity consumption (kWh)

Emissions Factor

E.g. CO₂ emissions/kWh consumed

Electricity Emission Factor

630.89 lbs of CO2e per MWh



Inventory Calculators

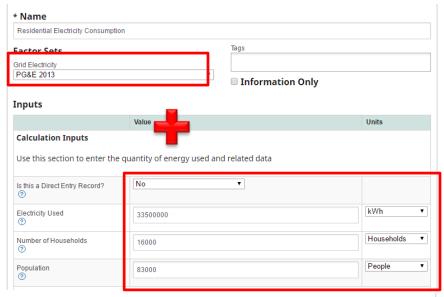


Residential Energy

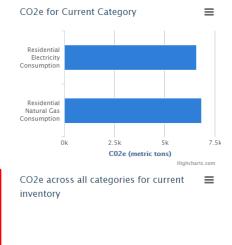
Linked Data from Factor Sets or GWPs

Record Inputs

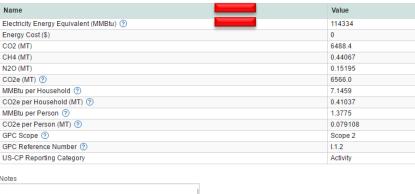
Outputs calculated on-the-fly as you add data.



Population ②	83000	People
utputs		
Name		Value
Electricity Energy Equivale	ent (MMBtu) ③	114334
Energy Cost (\$)		0
CO2 (MT)	6488.4	
CH4 (MT)	0.44067	
N2O (MT)		0.15195
CO2e (MT) ?		6566.0
MMBtu per Household ②		7.1459
CO2e per Household (MT)	0	0.41037
MMBtu per Person 🔞		1.3775
CO2e per Person (MT) 💿		0.079108
GPC Scope ②		Scope 2
GPC Reference Number (9	1.1.2
US-CP Reporting Categor	V	Activity

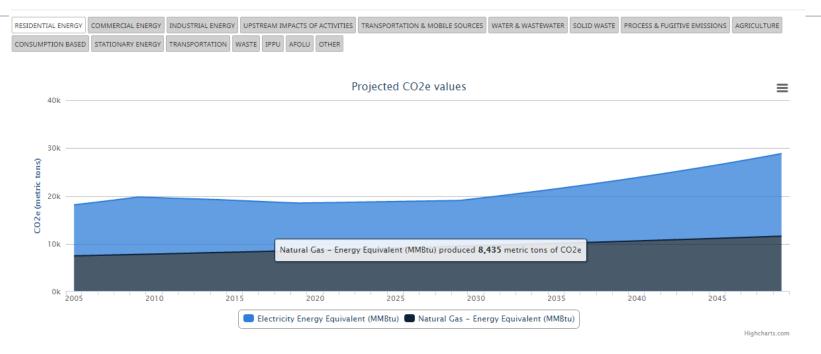


ansportation & Mobile Source:



Forecast Module





- Creates projections of emissions trends based on anticipated demographic, economic and energy changes
- Forecast tracks for Government and Community
- Data linked from inventory module to forecast module or user can manually enter start values

Putting It Together



Emissions Goal(s)

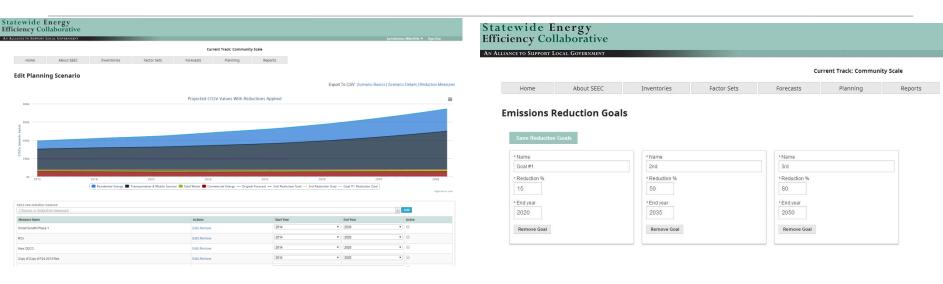
Forecast

Reduction Strategies

Planning Scenario

Planning Module





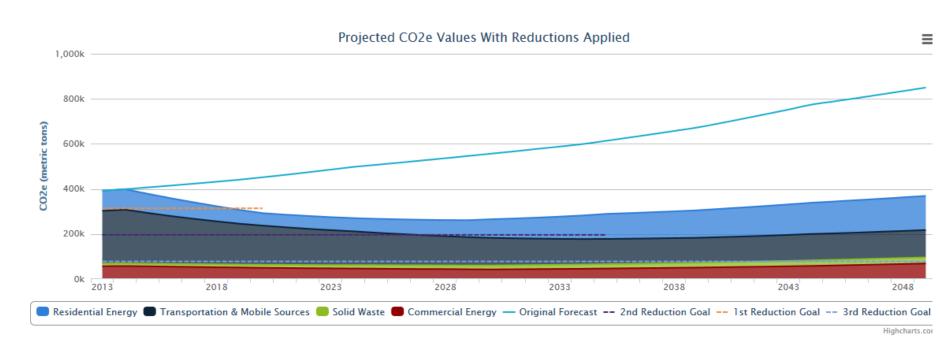
- Analysis of emissions reductions potential from Climate Action Plan measures
- Accounting for programs that expand year over year or wear out over time.
- Employing sophisticated algorithms to avoid double-counting of emissions reductions.
- Performing financial impact calculations to help convey the co-benefits of measures.

Scenario Graph



Edit Planning Scenario

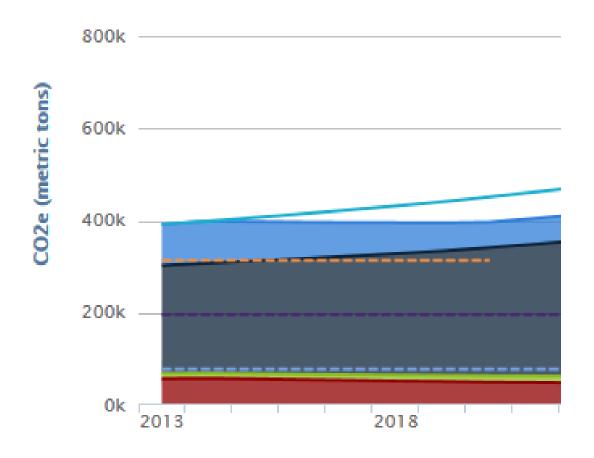
Export To CSV: Scenario Basics | Scenario Details | Reduction Measure



Net Present Value

Implementation Over Time



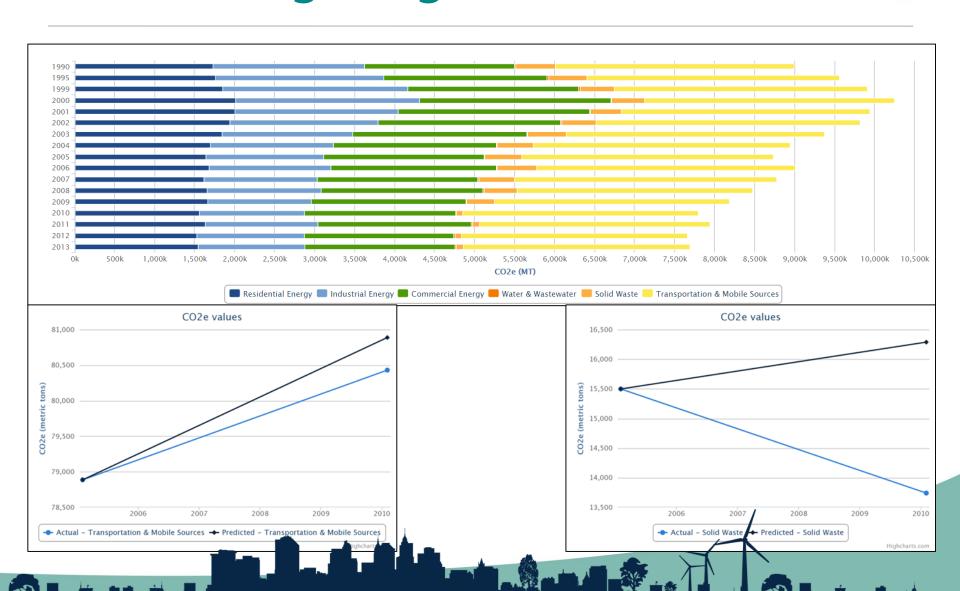






С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
Reduction strategy	Usage change	CO2e change	Cost to Home Buyers (\$ / Year)	Electricity Cost Savings (\$ / Year)	Natural Gas Cost Savings (\$ / Year)		Cost to Local Government (\$ / Year)
i Test Reco	0	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Test Reco	-16288	-485	(\$7,211,538.46)	\$459,022.12	\$341,610.58	\$21,634,615.38	(\$14,423.08)
i Test Reco	-16288	-463	(\$6,934,171.60)	\$882,734.84	\$656,943.42	\$20,802,514.79	(\$13,868.34)
i Test Reco	-16288	-442	(\$6,667,472.69)	\$1,273,175.25	\$947,514.54	\$20,002,418.07	(\$13,334.95)
i Test Reco	-16288	-422	(\$6,411,031.43)	\$1,632,275.96	\$1,214,762.24	\$19,233,094.30	(\$12,822.06)
i Test Reco	-16288	-403	(\$6,164,453.30)	\$1,961,870.14	\$1,460,050.76	\$18,493,359.90	(\$12,328.91)
i Test Reco	-16288	-379	(\$5,927,358.94)	\$2,263,696.32	\$1,684,673.96	\$17,782,076.83	(\$11,854.72)
Test Reco	0	0	\$0.00	\$2,176,631.07	\$1,619,878.81	\$0.00	\$0.00
i Test Reco	0	0	\$0.00	\$2,092,914.49	\$1,557,575.78	\$0.00	\$0.00
Test Reco	0	0	\$0.00	\$2,012,417.78	\$1,497,669.01	\$0.00	\$0.00
Test Reco	0	0	\$0.00	\$1,935,017.10	\$1,440,066.36	\$0.00	\$0.00

Monitoring Progress Over time Governments for Sustainability



ClearPath Users



- 383 Jurisdictions in US-----> 953 Community Scale inventories
- 28 global-----> 48 Community Scale Inventories

Supported initiatives



- cCR
 - Urban LEDS
 - Global Covenant of Mayor's for Climate and Energy

- ClearPath
 - Global Covenant of Mayors for Climate and Energy

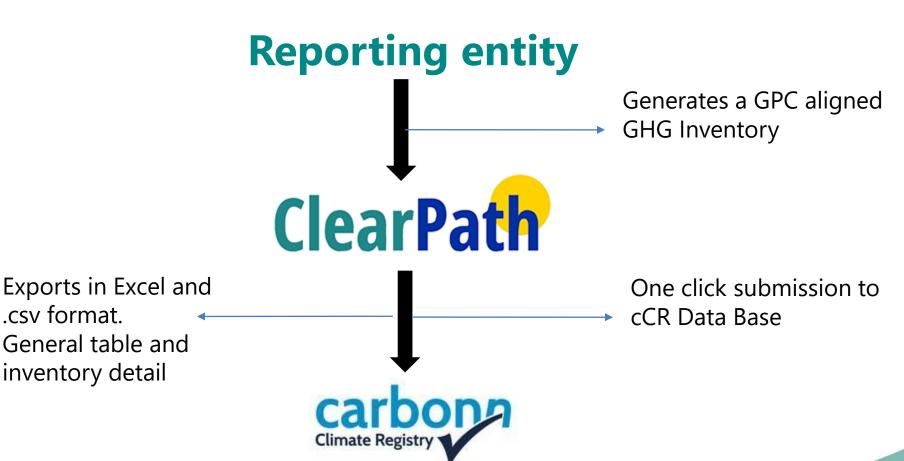
Integration of cCR and ClearPath

.csv format.

General table and

inventory detail





Excel and .csv capabilities (I)



A	В	С	D E	F	G	Н		J	K	L	1	M I	V O	Р	Q	R	S T	U	
p toker			DP Curren				GHG Emissions Source (By Sector and Subsector)	Notation Key	CO2	CH4	N2	20 HF	C PFC	SF6 N	JF3 To	tal CO2e CC	02(b) Activity Data Qua	l Emission Factors	Comments
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			STATIONARY ENERGY												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	LI		Residential buildings												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.1.1	1	Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary		40594	ŀ						40594	High	Low	Emission Factors source:
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.1.2	2	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary		22293.4	ŀ	1.7	0.2				22394	High	High	Electric vehicle electricity
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	I.1.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.2		Commercial and institutional buildings and facilities												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.2.1	1	Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary		31012	2						31012	High	Low	Emission Factors source:
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.2.2	2	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary		31769	9	2.7	0.3				31924.1	High	Medium	Electric vehicle consumpt
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.2.3		Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	1.3		Manufacturing industries and construction												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	IE	23444.4		4.6	0.9				23811.7	Medium	Medium	"Commercial & Institution
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	IF											"Commercial & Institution
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Energy industries												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from energy production used in power plant auxiliary operations within the city	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed by energy industries	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy used in power												
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Emissions from energy generation supplied to the grid												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Agriculture, forestry and fishing activities												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy	140											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy Non-specified sources												
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Non-specified sources Emissions from fuel combustion within the city boundary	IF	1074.3		27	0.8				1361.9	Medium	Medium	"Commercial & Institution
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1				IF.	1074.3	,	2.1	0.0				1361.3	iviedium	iviedium	
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary	IE.											"Commercial & Institution
							Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Fugitive emissions from mining, processing, store, and transportation of coal												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Fugitive emissions from mining, processing, storage, and transportation of coal within the cit	I NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Fugitive Emissions from iol and natural gas systems												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year			Fugitive emissions from oil and natural gas systems within the city boundary		0.9	9 83	3.61					2341.93	High	Low	Default calculation for fug
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			TRANSPORTATION												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			On-road transportation												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from fuel combustion on-road transportation occurring in the city		55106							55106			Includes emissions from p
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for on-road transportation		64.5							64.5	Medium	Low	The origin-destination me
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and T and D losses from (1	50054	1						50054	Medium; Medium	Medium; Medium	Includes passenger cars a
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Railways												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from fuel combustion for railway transportation occurring in the city	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for railways	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and T and D losses from (1											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.3		Waterborne navigation												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.3.1	1	Emissions from fuel combustion for waterborne navigation occurring in the city	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.3.2	2	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for waterborne navigation	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.3.3	3	Emissions from transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and T and D losses from (1											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.4		Aviation												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.4.1	1	Emissions from fuel combustion for aviation occurring in the city	NO											
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.4.2	2	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for aviation	NO											
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.4.3	3	Emissions from transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and T and D losses from (1											
EBEIF	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1	II.5		Off-road transporation												
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from fuel combustion for off-road transportation occurring in the citu	IE											See "Off-road residential e
EBE1F	2015	60572		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year 1			Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed in the city for off-road transportation	ΙΕ											Emissions from grid-supp

General table





A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	
ld	Output Record Ids With Co2	EInventory Record	Calculator	Gpc Scope	GPC Ref Number	Factor Profiles	Global Warming Potential	Category	Activity Source	Notes
71724		Off-road residential emissions	Emissions from Off Road Ve	e Scope 1	1.6.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Source	Various fuels. In:
71725		Off-road emissions - Commercial & Institutional Buildings & Manufacturing Industries	Emissions from Off Road Ve	e Scope 1	I.3.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V			Various fuels. In:
71728	3	Emissions from fuel combustion for waterborne navigation occurring within the city bo	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 1	II.3.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
71726		Emissions from fuel combustion for railway transportation occurring within the city bou	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 1	II.2.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
71727	7	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary for railways	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 2	II.2.2		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
71730		Emissions from fuel combustion for aviation occurring within the city boundary	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 1	II.4.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
71729	9	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary for waterborn	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 2	II.3.2		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
7174	1	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary for off-road	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 2	II.5.2		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		Emissions from g
71740)	Emissions from fuel combustion for off-road transportation occurring within the city bo	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 1	II.5.1		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		See "Off-road re
71732	2	Emissions from grid-supplied energy consumed within the city boundary for aviation	Notation Keys for Transpor	t Scope 2	II.4.2		IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source		
7158	1 81333	Diesel Emissions - In-Boundary Transportation	On Road Transportation	Scope 1	II.1.1	PG&E 2015 (using eGRID 2014 & PG&E/TCR sources)	IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Source and Activ	i Includes emissic
71589	81341	Gasoline Emissions - In-Boundary Transportation	On Road Transportation	Scope 1	II.1.1	PG&E 2015 (using eGRID 2014 & PG&E/TCR sources)	IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Source and Activ	i Includes passer
71582	813345	Diesel Emissions - Out-of-Boundary Transportation	On Road Transportation	Scope 3	II.1.3	PG&E 2015 (using eGRID 2014 & PG&E/TCR sources)	IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Activity	Includes passer
71583	813359	Electric Vehicles - Transportation	On Road Transportation	Scope 2	II.1.2	PG&E 2015 (using eGRID 2014 & PG&E/TCR sources)	IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Activity	The origin-destin
71591	1 813432	Gasoline Emissions - Out-of-Boundary Transportation	On Road Transportation	Scope 3	II.1.3	PG&E 2015 (using eGRID 2014 & PG&E/TCR sources)	IPCC 5th Assessment 100 Year V	Transportation & Mobile Source	Activity	Includes passer

Inventory Details

City Climate Planner





Led by Green Business Certification Inc. (GBCI) in partnership with World Resources Institute and ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability, the program aims to raise the global talent base of city climate planning professionals through training and professional certifications.

City Climate Planner





The City Climate Planner program ensures urban professionals are equipped to support local climate action planning, including developing greenhouse gas (GHG) emission inventories; climate action planning (low emission development planning); and climate adaptation planning. These efforts are essential building blocks of local planning and policy development efforts of local governments in addressing climate change.

City Climate Planner





The Urban Greenhouse Gas Inventory Specialist credential is City Climate Planner program's first professional certification. It focuses on GHG emission inventories, recognized as a key building block in developing quality climate action plans.



Thank you for your attention. cesar.carreno@iclei.org