



雪山下的公园城市

Park City Blessed with Snow Mountains

——成都绿色跨越的实践探索

Chengdu's Green Leapfrog – Leverage Nature and Culture
to Boost Competitiveness

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成都
Chengdu

一直以来因自然环境和生态资产闻名的城市

A city famous for Natural and Cultural Assets in history

大熊猫故乡

Hometown of pandas

全球36个生物多样性热点地区之一

One of the world's 36 biodiversity hotspots

全球唯一遥望5000米雪山的千万级人口城市

The only city in the world with a population of over 10 million that offers views of snow-capped mountains exceeding 5,000-meters in elevation

全国公园城市示范区

National Park City Demonstration Zone

国家气候适应型试点城市

National Pilot City for Climate Adaptation

中国长江上游生态屏障

Ecological Barrier for the Upper Reaches of the Yangtze River in China



成都 Chengdu

今天已成为人才、旅游、产业的吸引核

Today, it has become a leading magnet for talents, tourists and industries

- 四川省省会、中国西部经济中心，幅员面积1.43万平方公里
Provincial capital of Sichuan and the economic center of western China, Size: 14,300 km²
- 常住人口2153万人，中国人口数量第4城
Permanent population: 21.53 million, China's fourth most populous city
- 面向欧洲、中亚、西亚开放的重要枢纽
An important hub opening up to Europe, Central Asia and West Asia



Population growth since 2015 (10000 people)

2015年以来，成都常住人口增加约682万，人口增长位居全国前列，展现了成都对人才极大的吸引力。

Since 2015, Chengdu has gained around 6.82 million permanent residents, making it one of China's fastest-growing cities and a leading talent magnet. In 2025, Chengdu welcomed more than 320 million visitors.

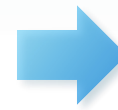
从二线城市脱颖而出成为最具吸引力的新一线城市，成都做对了什么？

How did Chengdu rise from a second-tier city to one of China's most attractive top-tier cities?



回溯历史，成都经历了工业化快速增长到“公园城市”建设
 Chengdu has experienced rapid industrial growth and awakened to leveraging its unique natural and cultural assets.

Rapid Industrial Growth
 (1970s-1990s)



Green Leapfrog
 -Leverage green assets
 for development
 (Since 2000)

农业时期的
 治水基石
 (20世纪70年代前)

发展理念 道法自然、因势利导、以水兴城

城市地位 战国 天府之国 汉代 全国五大都会

主要措施

农业、纺织业、商贸业
 Agriculture, Textile industry,
 Commerce and trade

工业化时期的
 生态觉醒
 (20世纪70-90年代)

大干快上，开发索取

唐宋 杨一益二 20世纪70-90年代 全国重点工业城市

电子信息制造、装备制造、
 商贸业
 Electronic information
 manufacturing, Equipment
 manufacturing
 Commerce and trade

后工业化时期的
 范式跃迁
 (21世纪以来)

人与自然和谐共生、价值转化

21世纪以来
 生态保护和生态价值转化

软件信息、生物医药、数字文创、
 航空航天、人工智能
 Software and information,
 biomedicine, Digital cultural
 creativity, Aerospace, Artificial
 intelligence



成都

ChengDu

激发公园城市经济活力

Green Leap Frog: Promote economic growth of the Park City

现实问题和市民需求倒逼超大城市系统转型
Practical problems and citizens' demands drive the systemic transformation of megacities

城市发展逻辑从“产-城-人”向“人-城-产”转变
Urban development logic transformed: from "industry-city-people" to "people-city-industry"

“人”越来越成为城市建设的动力和目的
People are now the core driver and purpose of urban construction

迈向人与自然和谐共生，生态保护和经济发展双赢
Strive for harmonious coexistence between humanity and nature, and achieve a win-win situation for ecological protection and economic development





作为公园城市理念的创造者与践行者，正在成功利用绿色基础设施，实现生态和经济双赢

As the practitioner of the park city concept, Chengdu is leveraging the green infrastructure (GI) to generate economic value.

公园城市

Park City

绿色宜居、绿色繁荣、绿色低碳

Green Livability, Green Prosperity, Green Low-Carbon





城园相融优美空间格局

Livability A beautiful spatial pattern integrating city and parks harmoniously

构建生态保护格局

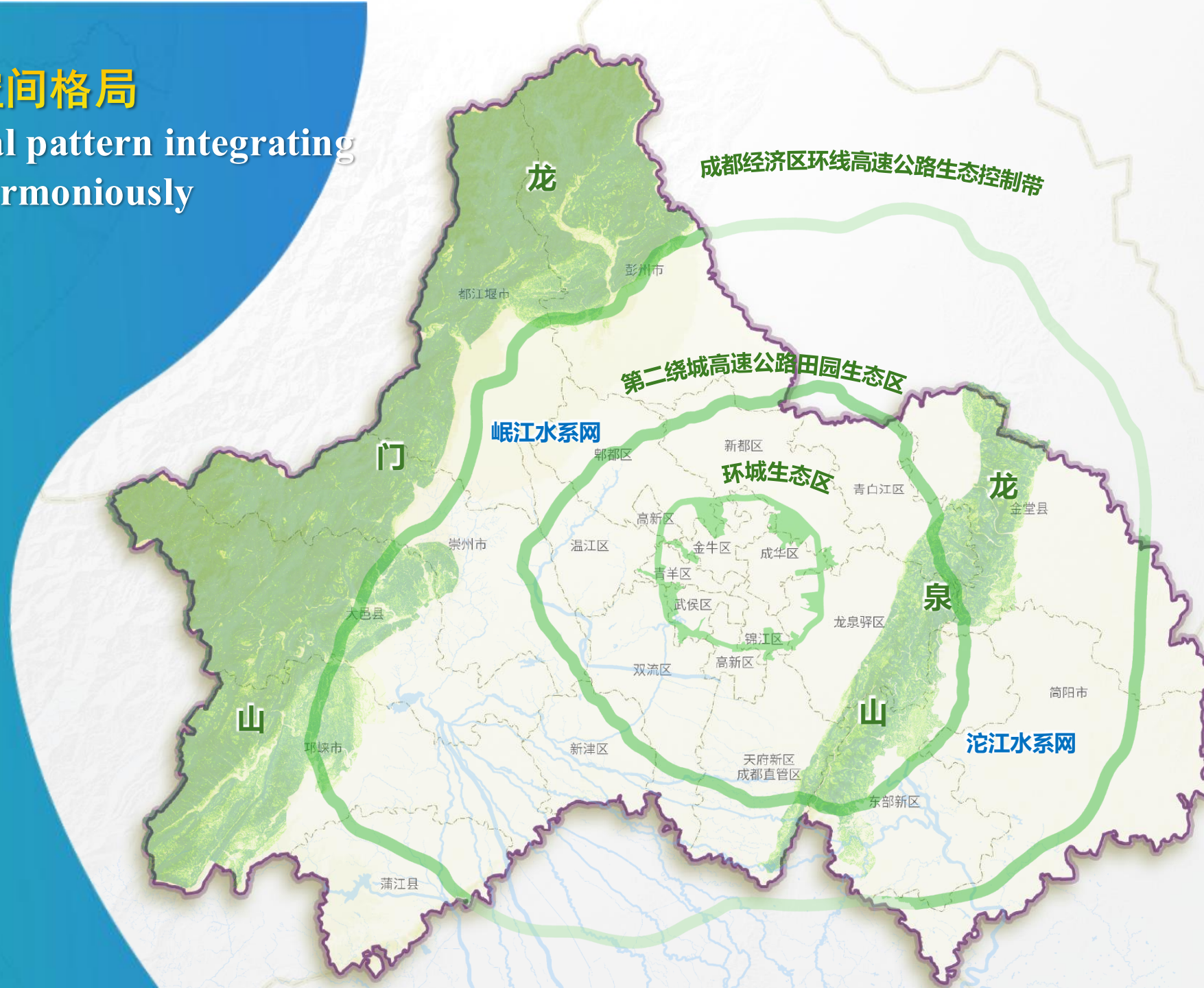
Establish an ecological protection pattern

“两山、两网、三环”

Two Mountains, Two Networks, Three Rings

构建通风廊道体系

Establish a ventilation corridor system



蓝绿交织城市生态脉络

Urban ecological veins with interwoven blue and green spaces

描绘“青山绿道蓝网”

Green Mountains, Greenways, Blue Water Networks



“百花”美城 Blossom City

十年来 In the past ten years

成都市空气质量优良天数增加了 ↑ 27%

The number of days with good air quality in Chengdu increased by 27%.

空气PM2.5浓度下降了 ↓ 57%

The PM2.5 concentration in the air decreased by 57%.

建成区绿化率提高了 ↑ 10个百分点

The green coverage rate of built-up areas rose by 10 percentage points

Second Ring Elevated Road

Jacarandas

Second Ring Elevated Road



构建绿色出行网络

Build a green travel network

轨道交通运营里程**758**公里
Operating mileage of rail transit: 758
kilometers

轨道交通单日客流最高突破**1000**万人次
The single-day peak passenger flow of rail
transit exceeded 10 million person-times

新能源汽车保有量突破**130**万辆
The number of new energy vehicles
in possession has exceeded 1.3
million





提高公园城市承载能力

Improve the carrying capacity of the park city

绿色基础设施与城市治理、公共服务等共同推动

Collaborative promotion of green infrastructure, urban governance and public services

常住人口**2153**万人，中国人口数量第**4**城

Permanent population:**21.53**million, China's fourth most populous city

机动车保有量突破**700**万辆，中国汽车数量第**1**城

Motor vehicle stock: over **7** million, No. **1** in China

人才总量突破**685**万人

The total number of talented personnel exceeded **6.85** million

中国最佳引才城市

Best city for attracting talent



激发公园城市经济活力

Chengdu – Green Leap Frog: Promote economic growth of the Park City

近五年

In the past five years

涌现了博物馆游、绿道游、赛会游、乡村游、城市游等新的旅游热点，成为一座来了就不想离开城市

New tourism highlights have emerged, including museum tours, greenway visits, event tourism, rural trips and city walk. The city has become a place where people linger on and never want to leave.

旅游总收入增长**183**亿美元

The total tourism revenue increased by **18.3** billion US dollars

美元达到**635**亿

Reaching **63.5** billion US dollars



Giant Panda Habitat



Hot Pot



低碳

Low Carbon

GEF7: 绿色与碳中和城市项目

GEF7: Green and Carbon-Neutral Cities

指标体系

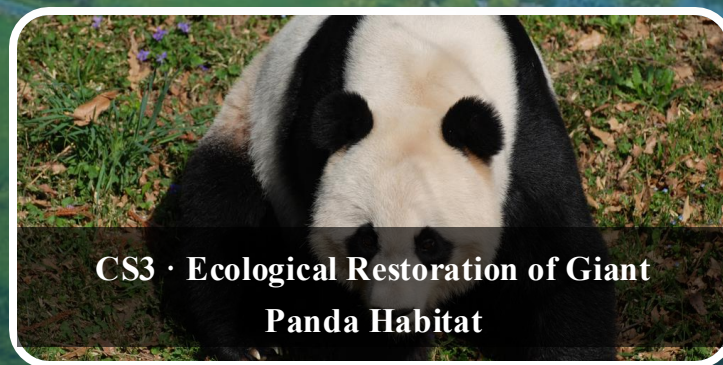
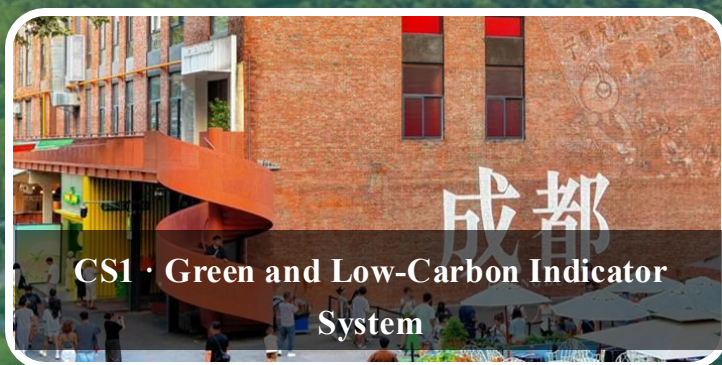
Indicator System

实践路线

Practical Approach

试点示范

Pilot Demonstration



谢谢大家！
THANKES

欢迎王草心女士介绍成都市绿色基础设施重要组成部分
——天府绿道有关情况

Let's welcome Ms. Wang to introduce the critical part of
Chengdu's GI network — Tianfu Greenway